FRONTISPIECE. Volvm



Git Blas inviting Laura & Lucretia the Actres to Court . Dec 2,1780, by I.Womman Nº144, Flat Street.

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ADVENTURES

OF

Gil Blas of Santillane.

A NEW TRANSLATION,

By T. SMOLLETT, M.D.

AUTHOR OF RODERICK RANDOM.

Vol. VIII.

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[Continuation of CHAP. XIII. BOOK XI.]

MEANWHILE our blood flowed apace, and we grew weaker and weaker: nevertheless, wounded as we were, we had strength enough to go to the town of Villarejo, which was but two gun-shots from the field of battle. We alighted at the first inn we came to, and sending for surgeons, one was brought, who had the reputation of being expert in his profession: he examined our wounds, which he found dangerous, then dressed them, and next day, after having taken off the dressings declared that the wounds of Don Blas was mortal; he judged more favourably of mine, and his prognostics were sulfilled.

Combados hearing his doom, thought of nothing but preparing for death: he likewife dispatched an express to inform his wife of what had happened, and of his present melancholy situation; upon which

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Donna Helena fetting out immediately, foon arrived at Villarejo, her mind disturbed with a disquiet which had two different causes: the danger in which her husband was, and the dread of feeling, at fight of me, a flame which was but half extinguished, revive, created a terrible agitation in her breaft. " Madam, (faid Don Blas, when the came into his prefence) you arrive time enough to receive my last adieu: I am going to die, and I regard my death as the punishment of heaven for having, by a deceit, deprived you of Don Gaston. Far from murmuring at my fate, I exhort you to restore to him the heart which I unjustly seized." Donna Helena answered only by her tears; and truly, it was the best reply she could make, as the was not as yet fo much detached from me, as to forget the artifice which he had practifed, to make her break her vows.

As the furgeon had prognosticated, Combados died of his wounds, in lefs than three days, while mine indicated a speedy cure. The young widow, who was wholly ingroffed by the care of transporting her husband's corps to Corio, in order to perform all the funeral honours which she owed to his ashes, departed from Villarejo, after having enquired (through pure politenels) about my health. As foon as a could follow her, I fet out also for Coria, where 'ny recovery being compleated, my aunt Donna Eleonora, and Don George de Galisteo resolved that Helena and I should be married forthwith, lest fortune should again part us by fome unlucky accident. This marriage was celebrated in private, on account of the too recent death of Don Blas; and a few days after, I returned to Madrid with Donna Helena. As I had exceeded the time prescribed by the count-duke for my journey, I was afraid that he had given to another the lieutenancy which he had promifed to me : but he had not disposed of it, and was so good as to admit the excuses which I made for my delay. as Lam

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" I am now (continued Cogollos) lieutenant of the Spanish guards, am pleased with my employment, and have contracted some agreeable friends, with whom I live very happily." " I wish I could fay as much (cried Don Andrea) " but I am very far from being fatisfied with my condition: I have loft my post, which was pretty advantageous; and I have no friends who have credit enough to procure me fuch another." " Pardon me, Signior Andrea, faid I, fmiling, you have in me a friend who is good for famething. I have already faid that I am flill better beloved by the count-duke, than ever I was by the duke of Lerma; and you have affurance to tell me to my face, that you have not a friend who can procure a good post for you. Have I not once before done you fuch a piece of fervice? Remember that by the interest of the archbishop of Grenada, I was the occasion of your being named to exercise an employment at Mexico, where you would have made your fortune, if love had not detained you in the city of Alicant; and I am at present more capable of serving you, having the ear of the prime-minister." " I trust wholly to you then, replied Tordesillas, but, added he, fimiling in his turn, pray don't fend me to New-Spain; I would not go thither, if I was to be made chief judge of Mexico."

We were interrupted in this part of our conversation by Donna Helena, who came into the hall, and whose amiable person equalled the charming idea which I had formed of her beauty. "Madam, said Cogollos to her, this is Signior de Santillane, of whom you have heard me speak, and whose agreeable company hath often suspended my forrows while I was in prison." "Yes, madam, said I to Donna Helena, my conversation pleased him, because you was always the subject of it." Don George's daughter made: a modest reply to my compliment; after which I took my leave of this couple, protesting that I was ravish

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ed to find their long passion was at length crowned by a happy marriage. Then addressing myself to Tordefillas, I defired him to give me his direction, which when I received, "Without bidding you adieu, Don Andrea, faid I, I hope in less than eight days, you will fee that I have power as well as friendship." My words were foon verified; the very next day the count-duke furnished me with an occasion to oblige the keeper. "Santillane, faid his excellency, the place of governor of the royal prison at Valladolid is vacant: it brings in more than three hundred pilloles per annum, and I am resolved to bestow it upon thee." " I would not have it, my lord, anfwered I, were it worth ten thousand ducats yearly: I renounce all polls that I cannot enjoy, without removing from your grace." " But, refumed the minister, thou mayest very well enjoy this, without being obliged to leave Madrid, except to go fometimes to Valladolid, to vifit the prison." You may say what you pleafe (I replied); I will not accept of that employment, but on condition that I shall be allowed to refign in favour of a brave gentleman called Don Andrea de Tordefillas, formerly keeper of the tower of Segovia: I should love to make him that present, as an acknowledgment for the kind treatment I received from him during my confinement."

The minister laughing at this discourse, said, "I fee, Gil Blas, thou hast a mind to make a governor of a royal prison, as thou hast made a viceroy. Well, be it so, my friend, I give to thee this vacant place for Tordesillas; but tell me freely, what advantage thou wilt reap from it: for I don't believe thee sool enough to employ thy credit for nothing." "My lord, answered I, ought not a man to pay his debts? Don Andrea, in the most disinterested marner, did me all the service he could: 'ought not I to requite his generosity?" "You are become very disinterested, Mr. Santillane, said his excellency, I think you were

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pray of t not so much so, under the last minister." "I own it, said I, my morals were corrupted by bad example: as every thing was then put to sale, I conformed myself to the sashion; and as every thing is now given away, I have resumed my integrity."

I procured, then, the government of the royal prifon of Valladolid, for Don Andrea, whom, in a little time, I fent to that city, as well fatisfied with his new fettlement, as I was with the opportunity of acquitting

myfelf of the obligations I owed him.

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CHAP. XIV.

Santillane vifits the poet Nunnez: an account of the perfons whom he found, and the discourse which he heard at his lodgings.

NE afternoon, I was feized with an inclination of vifiting the Asturian poet, being curious to know how he was lodged. I went accordingly, to the house of Don Bertrand Gomez de Ribero, and asking for Nunnez, "He does not live here, (said the porter) but lodges there at present, having hired the back-fide of the house." So saying, he pointed to a house in the neighbourhood, whither I went, and after having crossed a small court, entered into a maked hall, where I sound my friend Fabricio still at table, with five or fix of his companions whom he treated that day.

They had almost dined, and consequently, were in a trim for disputing; but as soon as they perceived me, their noisy discourse subsided into prosound silence. Nunnez got up with great eagerness to receive me, crying; "Gentlemen, this is Signior de Santillane, who is so good as to honour me with a visit; pray join me, in paying your respects to the favourite of the prime minister." At these words, all the

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guests got up also to salute me; and in favour of the title which I had received, treated me with great civility and respect. Although I was neither hungry nor thirsty, I could not excuse myself from sitting down at table with them; and was even obliged to

honour the toast which they had proposed.

As I imagined that my presence was a check upon their conversation: "Gentlemen, said I, I have interrupted your discourse: pray resume it, or I will be gone." "These gentlemen (said Fabricio) were talking of the Iphigenia de Euripides. The batchelor Melchior de Villegas, who is a critic of the first order, was asking of Signior Don Jacinto de Romerata, what was the most interesting circumstance of that tragedy?" "Yes (said Don Jacinto), and I answered, that it was the danger of Iphigenia." And I (said the batchelor) replied (and I am ready to demonstrate my assertion) that the danger is not the most interesting part of the subject." "What is then? (cried the old licentiate Gabriel de Leon).

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'Tis the wind (faid the batchelor).

The whole company burst out into laughter at this repartee, which I could not believe ferious: I thought that Melchior pronounced it, with a view of enlivening the conversation: but I did not know this virtuofo, who was a man that did not at all understand raillery. " Laugh as much as you please, gentlemen (replied he drily); I maintain, that the wind alone ought to interest, surprize and move the spectator: figure to yourselves a numerous army assembled to go and beliege Troy: conceive all the impatience of the chiefs and foldiers to execute that enterprize, that they may speedily return into Greece, where they have left what is most dear to them, their wives, children, and houshold gods; in the mean time, a cursed contrary wind detains them at Aulis, seems to nail them to the port, and if it does change, they cannot go and beliege the city of Priam; it is the wind.

wind, therefore, which constitutes the most interesting point of that tragedy. I share with the Greeks, I espouse their cause, my whole wish is the departure of the sleet, and I see with indifference the danger of Iphigenia, since her death is the only means of ob-

taining a favourable wind from the gods."

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nean ulis, nge, s the ind, Villegas had no sooner done speaking, than the laugh was renewed at his expence. Nunnez was so mischievous as to support his opinion, that he might afford more game to the ralliers, who began to pass a great many jokes upon the wind: but the batchelor beholding them all, with a phlegmatic haughty look-treated them as ignorant and vulgar minds. I expected every moment to see them warm, and to go to loggerheads, the usual end of their differtations; but I was baulked in my expectation: they were contented with reviling one another, and withdrew when they had eaten and drank their fill.

When they were gone, I asked Fabricio, why he did not live still with his treasurer: and if he had quarrelled with him? " Quarrel! (answered he) God forbid: I am more in favour than ever with Sigmor Don Bertrand, who has allowed me to lodge by myself. I have, therefore, hired these lodgings, to receive my friends, and make merry with them in full liberty: which is often the case: for thou knoweft that I am not of an humour to leave much wealth to my heirs; and what is very happy for me, I am, at present, in a condition of enjoying parties of pleafure every day." " I am overjoyed to hear it, my dear Numez (faid I), and I cannot help congratulating thee again upon the fuecess of thy last tragedy: the whole eight hundred dramatic pieces of the great Lope, have not brought him one fourth of of what thou hast got by thy Count de Saldagne.

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BOOK XII.

CHAP. I.

Gil Blas is fent to Toledo by the minister: the motive and fuccess of his journey.

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DURING a whole month almost, his grace had been saying to me every day, "Santillane, the time draws near when I shall fet thy address to work;" and still this time did not come. At length, however, it arrived; and his excellency spoke to me in these words : " It is reported, that in the company of players belonging to Toledo, there is a young actress whose talents make a great noise : it is faid that the dances and fings divinely, and quite captivates the spectator by her declamation. I am assured also that The has a confiderable share of beauty. Such a genius deferves to appear at court. The king loves plays, music and dancing; and he must not be deprived of the pleasure of seeing and hearing a person of such xtraordinary merit. I have refolved, therefore, to fend thee to Toledo, to judge by thyfelf, whether or not the is actually such a wonderful actress. I will be governed by the impression she shall make upon thee, as I depend a great deal on thy difcernment." I answered, that I should give his grace a good account of that affair; and then prepared for my departure with one lacquey only, whom I ordered to. put off the minister's livery, that things might pe done the more mysteriously. And this was very much to his excellency's tafte. I fet out then for Toledo, where, when I arrived, I alighted at an inn near the castle. Scarce had I fet my foot to the ground, when the landlord, taking me, doubtless, for fome country gentleman, faid to me" Signior Cavalier,

valier, I suppose you are come to town, to see the august ceremony of the Auto do Fe, which is to be performed to-morrow." I answered in the affirmative, thinking it more prudent to let him believe that, than to give him an opportunity of questioning me about my coming to Toledo: "You will see (he refumed) one of the finest processions that ever happened: there are (I am told) more than a hundred prisoners, among which, they reckon above ten who are to be burnt-"

Next morning, indeed, before fun rife, I heard all the bells of the city tolling; and this melancholy found was to advertise the people, that they were going to begin the Auto da Fe *. Curious to fee this lolemnity, I put on my cloaths in a hurry, and repaired to the inquisition. All along the fireets through which the procession was to pass, scaffolds were erected, upon one of which I hired a place. In a little time I perceived the Dominican, who walked forematt, preceded by the banners of the inquifition. These good fathers were immediately followed by the wretched victims which were to be facrificed that day by the holy office. These miserable creatures walked one after another, with their heads and feet bare, each having a wax-taper in his hand, and a godfather + by his fide. Some had large scapularies of yellow stuff, garnished with St. Andrew's crosses painted red, and called Sanbenito; others wore Carochas, which are high paper-caps made in the shape of a fugar-loaf, and covered with flames and diabolical figures,

As I looked attentively at these unfortunate people, with a compassion which I took care to conceal, that

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^{*} The Act of Faith.

[†] People named by the Inquisitor, to accompany the prisoners in the Auto da Fe, are obliged to be answerable for them.

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I might not fuffer for it, I thought that I recollected, among those who had their heads adorned with Carpchas, the reverend father Hilary, and his companion brother Ambrose. They passed so near me, that I could not be miffaken. "What do I fee! (faid I to myfelf) heaven, weared with the disorderly lives of these wretches, hath delivered them at last to the justice of the inquisition!" So faying, I felt mylelf feized with horror: I trembled from head to foot, and my spirits were so disordered, that I had almost fwooned. The connection which I once had with these rogues, the adventure of Xeva, in short, all the circumstances of my correspondence with them, prefented themselves that moment to my fancy; and I thought I could never be thankful enough to God, for having preserved me from the scapulary and Carochas.

When the geremony was ended, I returned to the inn, trembling at the dreadful spectacle which I had beheld: but these afflicting images, which disturbed my imaginations, dispersed insensibly: and now my whole study was to acquit myself handsomely of the commission entrusted to my care. I waited impatiently for play-time, that I might go to the theatre, judging that to be the most proper beginning of my work : and as foon as the hour came, went thither, and fat down by a knight of Alcantara; with whom entering into conversation, " Signior, faid I to him, may a stranger be so bold as to ask you one queltion?" "Signior Cavalier, answered he, very politely, I shall think it an honour." " I have heard the actors of Toledo (I refumed) very much extolled: pray, have I been misinformed?" " No, (replied the knight) their company is not bad; nay, there are great players among them. You will fee, among others, the fair Lucretia, an actress of fourteen years of age, who will surprize you very much. I shall have no occasion to point her out to you; when she appears, you will easily diffinguish her from the rell."

reft." I asked if she was to play that evening; and he told me she would; observing at the same time, that she had a very shining part to act in the piece-

which was going to be represented.

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The play began; and two actreffes, who had neglected nothing which could contribute towards rendering them charming, appeared on the stage; but, in spite of the lustre of their diamonds, I took neither one nor the other for her whom I expected. At length Lucretia walked forwards from the bottom of the stage; and her appearance was faluted by a long and general clapping of hands, "Ah! there she is (said I to myself;) what a noble air! what grace! what fine eyes! O the divine creature! I was actually very well pleased, or rather, passionately fruck with her person. On hearing her recite the first couplet, I found she had nature, fire, an understanding above her age; and I willingly joined my applause to that which she received from the whole audience, during the performance. " Well, faid the knight to me, you see how Lucretia is caressed by the public." " I am not at all surprised at it. answered I. "You would be less so still, said he, if you had heard her fing. She is a perfect fyren. Woe be to those who listen! Her dancing is no less formidable. Her steps, as dangerous as her voice, charm the eye, and force the heart to yield." " If that he the case, cried I, it must be owned, she is a prodigy! What happy mortal has the pleasure of ruining himself for such an amiable creature?"

"She has no declared lover, faid he, and even feandal has not as yet involved her in any private intrigue. Nevertheless, added he, this may soon be the case; for Lucretia is under the conduct of her aunt Estella, who is certainly the most expert of all the actresses." At the name of Estella I interrupted the knight with precipitation, to ask if that Estella was an actress of the Toledo company. "She is one of the best of them, said he, she has not acted to-

day, and we have fuffered by her absence : she usually plays the part of the waiting-woman, which she performs to admiration. Her action is full of spirit; perhaps too full: but it is an agreeable fault, which ought to be forgiven." The knight told me wonders of this Estella; and by the picture he drew of her perion, I never doubted that it was Laura, that fame-Laura of whom I have spoke so much in my history, and whom I had left at Grenada.

However, to be more certain still, after the play, I went behind the scenes; and casting my eyes around, found her in the tyring room, talking to some gentlemen, who, perhaps, regarded her only as the aunt of Lucretia. I advanced to falute Laura; but whether through whim, or in order to punish me for my precipitate departure from Grenada, she pretended not to knew me, and received my civilities fo drily, that I was a little disconcerted. Instead of upbraiding her in a laughing humour, for her cold behaviour towards me, I was fool enough to be nettled at it: I even retired hastily, resolving, in my pailion, to return next day to Madrid. " To be revenged of Laura, faid to myfelf, her nicce shall not have the honour of appearing before the king : for this purpose, I can give to the minister such a defcription of Lucretia as I please: I have no more to do, but to tell him that the dances with a bad grace, that the has a fouraking voice, and in thort, that her charms confift in her youth only. I am fure his excellency, after that, will have no inclination to bring ner to court.".

Such was the vengeance I meditated against Laura, for her behaviour to me; but my refentment did not last long: next day, just as I was about to depart, a page entered my chamber, and said, " Here is a letter for Signior de Santillane." " I am the person, my child," answered I, taking the letter, which contained these words: " Forget the manner in which on befortti and out and allat allate to seed ayou

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you was received last night in the tyring-room, and be so good as to follow the bearer." I immediately took the page for my conductor, who, when we were near the play-house, introduced me into a very hand-some house, where I found Laura at her toolet, in a

very genteel apartment.

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She got up to embrace me, faving, " Signior Gil Blas, I know that you have no cause to be pleased with the reception you met with, when you came to falute me in our tyring room : an old friend, like you, had a right to expect more civil treatment: but I must tell you, for my excuse, that I was then in a very bad humour. When you appeared, I was guite engroffed by some scandalous discourse which one of our gentlemen had uttered against my niece, whose honour is dearer to me than my own. Your fudden retreat, added she, made me immediately recollect myfelf; and that moment I ordered my page to follow you to your lodging, that I might to-day make amends for my fault." " That is all already done, my dear Laura, faid I: let us talk no more of that matter: let us rather inform one another of what has happened to us, fince the unlacky day on which the dread of just chastifement made me guit Grenada with great precipitation. I left you, you may remember, in a pietty great perplexity: pray, how did you extricate yourfelf? Had you not occafion for all your address, to appeale your Portugueze lover?" " Not at all, replied Laura: don't you know, that in such cases the men are so weak, that they fometimes even spare the women the trouble to justify themselves. I affirmed, continued she, to the marquis of Marialva, that thou walt my brother. Pardon me, Santillane, if I speak to you as familiarly as heretofore: but I can't get rid of my old habus. I tell thee then, that I brazened it out. you lee, (faid I to the Portugueze nobleman) that all this is the work of jealoufy and rage? Narcissa, my comrade

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comrade and rival, incenfed to fee me in quiet polifellion of a heart of which the was baulked, has played ed me this trick : the has bribed the under candle futfer, who, as the minister of her refentment, has the impudence to fay, that he has feen me Arlenia's Nothing can be more falle: the wichambermaid. dow of Don Antonio Coello always entertained too noble fentiments to humble herfelf fo low as to ferve an actress. Besides, what proves the falsity of the acculation, and the conspiracy of my accusers, is the precipitate retreat of my brother : if he was present, he might confound their flander: but Narcissa has, doubtlefs, employed some new artifice to make him disappear. Though these reasons, pursued Laura, made but an indifferent apology, the marquis was fo good as to be fatisfied with it and that good natured nobleman continued to love me, until the day of his departure from Grenada, on his return to Portugal." Indeed, he did not flay long after thee : and the wife of Zapata had the pleasure of seeing me lose the lover of whom I had deprived her. After that, I lived some years at Grenada: then a division happening in our company, which is often the cafe, all the players separated: some went to Seville, others to Cordova; and I came to Toledo, where I have been ten years, with my niece Lucretia, whom thou must have seen act last night, since thou was at the play."

I could not help laughing in this place; and Laura, asking the cause, "Can't you guess? (said I) you have neither brother nor sister, and of consequence cannot be Lucretia's aunt. Besides, when I calculate the time which hath elapsed, since our last separation, and compare it with the age of your niece, I cannot help thinking that you are more nearly re-

lated,"

"I understand you, Mr. Gil Bias, (replied Don Antonio's widow, reddening) what a chronologist you

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you are! it is impossible to make you believe it. Well, then, my friend, Lucretia is my daughter by the marquis of Marialva; the is the fruit of our correspondence; I can no longer conteal it from thee." "What a great effort you make, my princes, said I) in revealing that fecret, after having imparted to me your adventures with the fleward of the hospital of Zamora. I must tell you, moreover, Lucretia is a maid of fuch fingular merit, that the public can never be thankful enough to you, for having made fuch a present to it. It were to be wished that all your comrades had done the fame." If some milchievous reader, in this place, recollecting the private conversations which I had with Laura at Grehada, while I was feeretary to the marquis of Marialva, fuspects that I might have disputed with that nobleman the honour of being Lucretia's father, it is a suspicion, the injustice of which I must avow to my shame. I recounted my principal adventures to. Laura in my turn, and made her acquainted with my present fifuation. She listened to my narration for attentively, as to shew that it was far from being indifferent to her; and when I had finished it, " Friend Santillane, (faid shie) I find you act a very considerable part on the theatre of the world; and you cannot imagine how much I am overjoyed at your good fortune. When I thall bring Lucretia to Madrid, with an intention to introduce her into the prince's company, I flatter myfelf that the will find a powerful protector in Signior de Santillane." " Never doubt that (answered I) you may depend upon me: I will procure your daughter's admittance into the prince's company, whenever you pleafe & this is what I can promise, without prefuming too much upon my power." " I would take you at your word, (replied Laura) and fet out for Madrid to morrow, were I not reflicted to this place by engagements with our company." " An order from

court can break these ties, (said I) and you shall receive one in less than eight days. I shall be pleased in taking Lucretia from the Toledans: such an handfome actress is destined for courtiers, and properly

belongs to us."

Lucretia entered the room just as I had pronounced these words; and seemed so pretty, and engaging that I took her for the goddess Hebe. She had just rifen; and her natural beauty shining without the help of art, presented a ravishing object to my view. " Come, niece, (faid her mother to her) come and thank this gentleman for his friendfhip: he is an old acquaintance of mine, who has great interest at court, and intends to introduce us both into the prince's company. These words seemed to give pleasure to the dear girl, who made me a low court'fy; and faid, with an enchanting fmile, " I most humbly thank you for your obliging intention; but in taking me from the people by whom I am beloved, are you fure that I shall please the audience at Madrid? I shall perhaps lose by the change. I remember to have heard my aunt fay, that fhe has feen actors caressed in one place, and hissed in another; and this gives me fome concern: beware of exposing me to the contempt, and yourfelf to the reproaches of the court." " Fair Lucretia, (answered I) neither you nor I have reason to be apprehensive of that : I rather fear, that by inflaming all that behold you, you will create some misunderstanding among our grandees." " The fear of my nicce (faid Laura) is better founded than yours: but I hope they are both vain; if Lucretia cannot make a noise by her charms, in recompence, the is no contemptible affress."

Our convertation lasted some time longer; and I had reason to conclude, from every thing which Lucretia said, that she was a maid of a superior genius. I then took my leave of the two ladies, assuring them that they should soon have an order from court to re-

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CHAP. II.

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Santillane gives an account of his commission to the minister, who employs him to bring Lucretia to Madrid. The arrival of that actress, and her appearance at court.

T my return to Madrid, I found the count-A duke very impatient to know the fuccess of my journey. " Gil Blas, (faid he) hast thou feen this fame actress? Is the worth bringing to court?" " My lord (I replied) fame, which usually praises beauties more than they deferve, has not faid enough in commendation of young Lucretia; she is an admirable creature both as to her person and talents." " Is it possible! (cried the minister, with an interior satisfaction which I read in his eyes, and which made me believe that he had fent me to Toledo on his own account) is it possible that she can be so amiable?" "When you have feen her, (answered I) you will own, that no eulogium can do justice to her charms." " Santillane, (faid his excellency) give me a faithful relation of thy journey; I shall be very glad to hear it," To fatisfy my master, I then recounted all, even the history of Laura inclusively. I told him, that this actress had Lucretia by the Marquis of Marialva, a Portugueze nobleman, who stopping at Grenada on his travels, fell in love with her. In short, when I had recounted to his grace every thing that happened between the two actresses and me, he said, "I am overjoyed to hear that Lucretia is the daughter of a man of quality; that circumstance interests me still more in her behalf; she must be brought to town, But (added he) continue as thou hast begun; let not me appear in it; every thing must pass in the name of Gil Blas de Santillane."

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I went and told Carnero, that his Excellency des fired him to expedite an order, by which the king received into his company Ettella and Lucretia, two actreffes of Toledo. " Aha! Signior de Santillanes (faid Carnero, with a fatirical fmile) yes, you fhaft be ferved immediately, fince, in all appearance, you interest yourself for these two ladies." At the same time, he wrote an order with his own hand, and delivered it to me expedited; fo that I fent it instantly to Estella by the same lacquey who had attended me to Toledo. Eight days after, the mother and daughter arriving at Madrid, took lodgings hard by the prince's company; and their first care was to give me notice of it by a billet. I vifited them immediately, where, after a thousand offers of service on my side, and as many acknowledgements on theirs, I left them to prepare for their first public appearance, which I wished might be brilliant and successful.

They advertised themselves as two new actresses, whom the prince's company had received by an order from court; and they began with a comedy which they had often acted at Toledo with applause. In what part of the world are new fights difregarded? The playhouse was that day filled with an extraordinary concourse of spectators; and you may well imagine that I did not fail to be there. I suffered a little before the piece began; and prepossessed as I was in favour of the talents both of mother and daughter, I trembled for them, fo much was I interelled in their fuccess. But scarce had they opened their months, when my fear was banished by the arplause which they received. Estella was looked upon as a confummate comic actrefs, and Lucretia as a prodigy in tender parts. This last captivated all hearts. Some admired the beauty of her eyes, others were touched by the sweetnest of her voice; and every body struck with the graces and brilliancy of her youth, went away enchanted by her appearance.

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The count-duke being more interested than I imagined in the first estay of this actress, was at the play that evening; and I saw him go out about the end of the performance, seemingly very well satisfied with our two new players. Curious to know if he was really affected with their success, I followed him home, and going into his cioset just after him, "Well, my lord, (said I) is your excellency satisfied with young Marialva." "My excellency satisfied with young Marialva." "My excellency (answered he smilling) would be very nice indeed, if I resuled to join my vote to that of the public. Yes, child, Lam charmed with thy Lucretia, and I don't doubt that the king will be pleased when he sees her."

CHAP. III.

Lucretia makes a great noise at court, and acts before the king, who falls in love with her. The consequences of his passon.

HE appearance of two new actreffes foon made a noise at court; the very next day it was spoke of at the king's levec. Some noblemen extolled young Lucretia in particular, and drew such a beautiful picture of her, that the monarch was flouck with it: but diffembling the impression which their difcourses made upon his heart, he seemed to take no notice of what they faid. Nevertheless, as soon as he found himself alone with the count-duke, he asked who this actress was whom they praised so much? The minister answered, that she was a young player of Toledo, who had made her first appearance the preceding night with great fuccess. She is called Lucretia, (added he) a name very fuitable to people of her protession. She is an acquaintance of Santiliane's, who spoke so much in her favour, that I thought proper to receive her into your majefty's company? The The king smiled when he heard my name mentioned, because he remembered perhaps at that moment, that it was I who had made him acquainted with Catalina, and foresaw that I should do him the same service on this occasion. "Count, (said he to the minister) I will go to-morrow, and see this Lucretia act. Take care to advertise her of my intention."

The count-duke having repeated this conversation to me, and informed me of the king's delign, fent me to impart it to our two actreffes. " I come (faid I to Laura, who was the first I met) to tell you a piece of great news; you will to morrow have among your spectators the sovereign of this monarchy; this is what I am ordered by the minister to acquaint you with. I don't doubt that your daughter and you will. do your utmost to deserve the honour which the king intends you; but I advise you to chuse a piece in which there is both dancing and music, that he may admire all the talents of Lucretia together." "We will take your advice, (replied Laura) and do all in our power to amuse the prince." " He cannot fail of being pleased, (said I, seeing Lucretia come in, in a dishabille, which gave her more charms than the most superb theatrical dress.) He will be so much the more fatisfied with your lovely niece, as he loves finging and dancing above all other entertainments; who knows but he may be tempted to throw the handkerchief at her?" " I don't at all wish (replied Laura) that he may have any fuch temptation; notwithstanding his being a powerful monarch, he might find obstacles to the accomplishment of his defires. Lucretia is virtuous, though bred behind the scenes! and whatever pleasure she may feel in seeing herself applauded on the stage, she would much rather pass for a modest girl than a good actress."

"Why should my aunt (said young Marialva, joining in the conversation) form such chimeras to sight with? I shall never be obliged to repulse the

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fighs of the king; the delicacy of his tafte will fave him from the reproaches he would deferve, if he could humble his attention to me." "But, charming Lucretia, (faid I) should it happen that the prince would attach himself to you, and chuse you for his mistress, would you be so cruel as to let him languish in your chains, like an ordinary lover?" "Why not? (answered she.) Yes, doubtless: and though virtue were out of the question, my vanity would exult much more in resisting, than in yielding to his passion." I was not a little astonished to hear a pupil of Laura talk in this manner; and left the ladies, praising the last, for having bestowed such good education on the other.

Next day, the king, impatient to fee Lucretia, went to the play. They acted a performance mixed with fongs and dances, in which our young actress shone very much. From the beginning to the end, I kept my eyes fixed on the monarch, and in his looks endeavoured to read his thoughts, but he baffled my penetration by an air of gravity which all along he affected to preserve. I did not learn till next day what I was fo curious to know. " Santillane, (faid the minister to me) I have just left the king, who has spoke to me of Lucretia with so much vivacity, that I am convinced he is captivated by that young player; and as I told him that thou wast the occasion of bringing her from Toledo, he faid he should be glad to talk with thee in private on that subject. Go inlantly and present thyself at his chamber door, where there is an order already given to admit thee. Run therefore, and bring me back, as foon as pollible, an account of the conversation."

I flew instantly to the palace, where I found the king alone, walking very fast in expectation of my coming, and feemingly very much perplexed. He put several questions to me about Lucretia, whose history he obliged me to recount: he then asked if

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the little gentlewoman had never been engaged in any intrigue? I boldly affured him that the had not, (tho' thefe forts of affurances are a little rath) and the prince feemed very glad to hear it. " If that be the case, (said he) I chuse thee for my agent with Lucretia; and defire, that by thy means the may this evening learn her victory. Go, fignify her conquest from me, (added he, putting into my hand a diamond necklace worth fifty thouland crowns) and tell her that I defire the will accept of that prefent, until I give her more folid marks of my affection."

Before I performed this commission, I went back to the count-duke, and made a faithful report of what the king had faid; with this I imagined the minister would be more afflicted than rejoiced; for I believed (as I have already observed) that he himself had amorous views upon Lucretia, and would be chagrined to hear that his maffer was become his rival; but I was millaken. Far from feeming mortified at the news, it gave him to much joy, that, being unable to contain it, some words escaped him, which did not fall to the ground, " Aha, Philip, (cried he) egad I have you fast. For once you will be fick of business." This apostrophe disclosed the whole contrivate of the count-duke. I now perceived, that the miniller being afraid of the king's applying himself to ferious affairs, endeavoured to amule him with pleafures more suitable to his humour., " Santillane, faid he afterwards, lose no time; make haste, my friend to go and execute the important order which thou halt received, and which a great many noblemen a court would glory in performing. Confider (faid he that thou halt here no count de Lemos, to deprive thee of one half of the honon equired in this fervice. Thou wilt have it intire to thyfelf, and more over enjoy all the fruits of it." oblige

Thus did his excellency gild the pill, which I swall lowed down gently, the sh not without talling the

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bitternels of it : for, lince my imprisonment, I had been used to look upon things in a moral point of view, and did not think the post of Mercury in chief quite fo honourable as it was called. However, though I was not vicious enough to perform it without remorfe, I had not virtue sufficient to make me refuse the employment. I therefore obeyed the king the more willingly, as I faw at the same time that my compliance would be agreeable to the minister, whom it was my fole study to please. I thought proper to address myself at first to Laura, to whom, in a private conversation, I disclosed my mission in a discreet manner; and, towards the end of the discourse, presented the jewels; at fight of which, the lady being unable to conceal her joy, gave a loose to it. " Signior Gil Blas, (cried he) I ought not to constrain myself before my oldest and best friend. I should be to blame, in affecting a falle severity of morals, and making grimaces with you. Yes, you need not doubt it, (continued she) I am overjoyed that my daughter has made fuch a precious conquest, all the advantages of which I comprehend : but, between you and me, I am afraid that Lucretia will look upon them with a different eye; for, though a young actress, she is so careful of her chastity, that she has already rejected the addresses of two young noblemen both amiable and rich. You may fay indeed, that these were not kings. and in all probability, the passion of a crowned head will shake the virtue of Lucretia. Nevertheless, I must tell you, that the thing is uncertain; and I deflare that I will never force the inclinations of my daughter. If, far from thinking herself honoured by thetransient affection of the king, she shall regard that honour as infamoust let not that great prince be difobliged, if the shall conceal herself from him. Return to-morrow, added she, and then I will tell you, whether you must carry back to him a favourable answer or his jewels. ternel I did Be 2

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I did not at all doubt, that Laura would exhart Lucretia to swerve from her duty, rather than remain in it, and I depended a good deal on that exhortation. Nevertheless, I learned with surprize next day, that Laura had as much difficulty in fwaying her daughter to vice, as other mothers have to form theirs to virtue; and which is still more surprizing, Lucretia, after having granted some private interviews to the monarch, felt so much remorfe for having yielded to his defires, that she quitted the world all of a sudden, and that herfelf up in the monastery of the Incarnation, where she soon fell sick, and died of grief. Laura being inconsolable for the loss of her daughter, whose death she upbraided herself with, retired into the convent of the female penitents, there to mourn the pleafures of her youth. The king was affected by the unexpected retreat of Lucretia; but being of a humour not to be long afflicted at any thing, confoled himself by degrees for this event. As for the count duke, although he did not feem very much touched a this incident, it did not fail to give him a great dea of mortification; and this the reader will eafily be lieve.

CHAP. IV.

Santillane is invested by the minister with a new employment.

I WAS also sensibly affected by the missortune of Lucretia, and felt such remorfe for having contributed to it, that looking upon myself as an infamou wretch, in spite of the quality of the lover whose passion I had served, I resolved to abandon the Caduces for ever. I even expressed to the minister the relutance I had to bear it, and begged he would employme in something else. "Santillane, said he, I a charme

charmed by thy delicacy; and fince thou art a man of fuch honour, will give thee an occupation more fuitable to thy virtue. This it is; liften attentively to

what I am going to impart."

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" Some years before I was in favour, continued he, chance one day presented to my view a lady so handsome and well made, that I ordered her to be followed. I learned that she was a Genoese, called Donna Margarita Spinola, who lived at Madrid on the revenue of her beauty, and that Don Francisco de Valeafar *, an alcade of the court, a rich old married man, spent a great deal of money upon the coquette. This report, which ought to have inspired me with contempt for her, made me conceive a violent defire of sharing her favours with Valeasar; and to satisfy it, I had recourse to a female go-between, who had the address in a little time to procure for me a private interview with the Genoele; and that was followed by many more, fo that my rival and I were equally well treated for our presents. Perhaps too, she had other gallants as happy as we were.

Be that as it will, Margarita, in receiving fuch confused homage, insensibly became pregnant, and brought forth a son, the honour of whom she bestowed on each of her lovers in particular; but not one of them being in conscience able to boast himself the father of that child, it was disowned by them all; so that the Genoese was obliged to maintain it with the suit of her intrigues: this she did for eighteen years, at the end of which term dying, she has left her son

without

^{*} Don Francisco Valeasar actually married this lady when she was big with child, and adopted the boy, whom he educated and acknowledged as his own son, during the space of thirty one years; at the expiration of which the count-duke sinding himself without heirs male, had him legitimated and created marquis of Mayzena.

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This (pursued his grace) is the secret I had to impart, and I will now inform thee of the great design which I have projected. I will bring this unfortunate child from obscurity, and making him pass from one extreme to the other, raise him to honours, and own

him for my fon."

At this extravagant project, it was impossible for me to hold my tongue. " How! my lord, (cried I) can your excellency have taken such a strange resolution? pardon me for using that term which escaped my zeal." " Thou wilt find it is very prudent, (he replied with precipitation) when I have told thee the reasons that have determined me to take it. I don't defire that my collaterals should be my heirs. Thou wilt fay, that I am not as yet of fuch an advanced age, as to make me despair of having children by my lady Olivarez. But every one knows himself best, Let it suffice to tell thee, that there is no secret in chemistry which I have not tried in vain to become a father. Therefore, fince fortune supplying the defect of nature, presents a child to me, whose true father perhaps I am, I am refolved to adopt him." When I saw the minister bent on this adoption, I ceased to oppose it, knowing him to be a man capable of committing a foolish action, rather than swerve from his own opinion. " The fole business now (added he) is to bestow education upon Don Henry Philip de Guzman, (for this name I intend he shall bear) until he shall be in a condition to possess the dignities that await him. Thou, my dear Santillane, art the perfon whom I chuse to be his tutor. I confide in thy understanding and attachment to me, for thy care in regulating his family, in giving him all forts of malters : in a word, of making him an accomplished cavalier." I would have refused this employment, representing to the count-duke that I was very ill qualidus

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fied to educate young noblemen, having never practifed that business, which required more knowledge and merit than I possessed. But he interrupted me, and shut my mouth, by saying, "that he was absolutely resolved to make me governor to this adopted son, whom he destined for the first offices of the monarchy." I prepared myself therefore to fill this place, for the satisfaction of his grace, who, to reward my compliance, increased my small revenue with a pension of a thousand crowns, which he procured, or rather gave me, on the commandery of Mamdra.

CHAP. V.

The son of the Genoese lady is owned by an authentic act, and called Don Henry Philip de Guzman. Santillane forms the family of that young gentleman, and hires all sorts of masters for him.

THE count-duke in a little time actually owned the son of Donna Margarita Spinola, and the deed was executed with the consent and inclination of the king. Don Henry Philip de Guzman (for that was the name given to this child of many fathers) was declared sole heir of the count d'Olivarez, and of the dutchy of San Lucar. The minister, that no body might be ignorant of this event, ordered Carnero to communicate the declaration to the ambassadors and grandees of Spain, who were not a little surprized at his conduct. The wits of Madrid had a sund of mirth from it a long time, and the satirical poets did not neglect such a fair occasion of shedding the gall of their pens.

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When I asked where this gentleman was whom his grace intended to entrust to my care; " He is in this city, (ne replied) under the direction of an aunt, from whom I will take him, as foon as thou shalt have prepared a house for him." This was foon performed. I took a house, which I caused to be magnificently furnished; hired pages, a porter and footmen; and with the affistance of Caporis, filled up the places of his officers. When I had compleated his attendance, I went and advertised his excellency, who immediately fent for his equivocal heir and new shoot from the trunk of the Guzmans; and I found him a tall young fellow of an agreeable perfon. " Don Henry, (faid his grace to him, pointing with his finger to me) this gentleman is the guide whom I have chosen to conduct you in the career of life. I have the greatest confidence in him, and give him an absolute power over you. Yes, Santillane, (faid he, turning to me) I abandon him entirely to your care, and don't doubt that you will give a good account of him." To this discourse the minister joined others, exhorting the young man to Submit to my directions; after which I conducted Don Henry to his house, where, when we arrived, I made all his domestics pais in review before him, fignifying the office of each. He did not feem confounded at the change of his condition: and accommodating himself to the deference and officious refocet that was shewn to him, he seemed to have been always that which he was now become by chance, He did not want capacity, but was wholly illiterate, being scarce able to read or write. I furnished him with a preceptor to teach him the elements of the Latin tongue, and hired for him maîters of geography, history and fencing. You may well believe that I did not forget a dancing-master: I was only embarrafsed in the choice, for at that time there was a great number samous in that profession at Madrid, and I did

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did not know to whom I ought to give the preference. While I was in this perplexity, a man richly dreffed came into the court, and I being told that he wanted to speak with me, went to him, imagining that he was at least a knight of St. Jago or Aleantara. When I asked his commands, "Signior de Santillane, (answered he, after having made several bows, which smelled strongly of his profession) understanding that your worship is the person who chuses masters for Signior Don Henry, I am come to offer my fervice; my name is Martin Ligero, and I have (thank heaven) some reputation. It is not my cuftom to come and folicit for scholars ; that is the province of little obscure dancing-masters. I usually wait until I am fent for; but as I have taught the Duke de Medina Sidonia, Don Lewis de Haro, and some other noblemen of the family of Guzman, to which I am as it were a fervant born, I thought it my duty to anticipate your message." " I find by your discourse (said I) that your are the man we want. How much do you take per month?" " Four double pistcles (answered he) is the current price, and I give but two lessons per week," " Four doubloons a month! (cried I) that's a great deal." " How! a great deal! (replied he with an air of aftonishment) you would give a pistole a month to a master of philoforhy."

There was no relifting fuch a pleafant reply, at which I laughed heartily, and asked Signior Ligero. if he really thought a man of his profession preferable to a master of philosophy? " Doubtless! (said he) we are of much greater use than those gentlemen. What is a man before he passes through our hands? what but an ill-licked cub? but our lessons mould him by little and little into a due form. In a word, we teach him to move gracefully, giving him atti-

tudes and airs of dignity and importance."

The ADVENTURES of

I yielded to the arguments of this dancing-maffer, whom I hired for Don Henry, at the rate of four double piftoles a month, fince that was the price of great maffers of his art.

wanth intelled teroagy of its profellion) and existades as a sure your wolfing it he per for who chafes make ters for each of the sure of offer, my forester, or other is the each of the sure of the each of the

where a shed our commercies, "Signor de Sands, innes ten is sands, the same series for the same series for

Scipio returning from New-Spain, Gil Blas settles him in the service of Don Henry. The studies of that young nobleman, with the honours which were conserred upon him, and an account of the lady to whom he was married. Gil Blas becomes noble in spite of himself.

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T HAD not as yet compleated the half of Don Henry's family, when Scipio returned from Mexico. I asked him if he was satisfied with his voyage. and he answered, " I have reason to be so; since, with three thousand ducats in specie, I have brought over twice as much in merchandize of the confumption of this country." "I congratulate thee, my child, (I replied.) Thy fortune is now begun; and it is in thy power to compleat it, by returning to the Indies next year; or if thou preferrest an agreeable post at Madrid, to the trouble of going fo far to amass wealth, thou hast nothing to do but to speak, I have one at thy fervice." " Egad, flaid the fon of Coscolina) there is no room for helitation. I would much rather execute a good employment near you, than expose myself anew to the perils of a long voyage. Pray, master, explain yourself, what post do you intend for your humble feryant?"

For his better information, I recounted to him the

flory of the young nobleman whom the count-duke had introduced into the family of Guzman; and after having told him that the minister had chosen me governor to Don Henry, I promised to make him valet de chambre to that adopted fon, Scipio, who alked no better, willingly accepted the polt, and acquitted himself in it so well, that in less than three or four days, he acquired the confidence and friendship of his new mafter. Language and and ich ing

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I imagined that the pedagogues whom I had chofen to teach the fon of the Genoele would find their Latin thrown away, believing one at his age undifciplinable. But I was much militaken. He eafily comprehended and retained all that was shewn to him, and his mafters were very well faisfied with his capacity. I ran eagerly to impart this piece of news to the duke, who received it with excellive jay. " Santillane, cried he transported, I am ravished to hear that Don Henry has such a memory and penetration! I perceive my own blood in him; and what convinces me of his being my fon is, that I feel as much affection for him as if he had been born by my lady Olivarez. Thou feeft by this, my friend, that nature declares itself." I was not fool enough to tell his grace my fentiments of the matter, but respecting his weakness, left him to enjoy the pleasure (whether true or false) of believing himself the father of Don Henry. wield, my lord, I replied, liace your est

Although all the Guzmans entertained a mortal hatred for this young nobleman of fresh date, they diffembled it out of policy; nay, fome of them affected to court his friendship; he was wifited by the ambassadors and grandees who were then at Mandid and honoured by them as much as if he had been a legitimate fon of the count-duke. This minister, overjoyed to fee fuch incense offered to his idoly foon decked him with dignities. He began by asking of the king the crofs of Alcantara, with a commanders

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worth ten thousand crowns, for Don Henry. In a little time after, he was made gentleman of the bed-chamber. Then resolving to marry him to a lady of the most noble family of Spain, he cast his eyes upon Donna Juano Velosco, daughter to the duke of Castile, and had authority enough to accomplish the marriage, in spite of that duke and all his relations.

A few days before the marriage, his grace having fent for me, put some papers into my hand, saying, Hold, Gil Blas, here are letters of nobility, which I have ordered to be expedited for thee." " My lord, (answered I, surprized at his words) your excellency knows that I am the fon of a poor duenna and 'squire; so that, in my opinion, the nobility would be profaned by my affociation; and it is, of all the favours which his majesty could bestow, that which I deferve and defire the leaft." " Thy birth (replied the minister) is an objection that is easily removed: thou hast been employed in state-affairs, both under the duke of Lerma's ministry and mine: befides, added he with a smile, hast thou not done the monarch some service, which deserves a recompence? In a word, Santillane, thou are not unworthy of the honour which I have procured for thee. Moreover, the rank which thou holdest with regard to my son, requires that thou shouldest be noble; and it is on that account that I have obtained the patent." " I yield, my lord, I replied, fince your excellency infifts upon my compliance." So faying, I went away with my patent in my pocket.

I am now a gentleman (faid I to myfelf, when I had got into the street) ennobled without being obliged to my parents for my quality. I may, when I please, be called Don Gil Blas, and if any one of my acquaintance shall take it into his head to laugh an my face when he calls me so, I will shew my patent. But let us read it, (continued I, taking it out of my pocket) and see in what manner my original

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meannels is washed away." I therefore perused the paper, the substance of which was, that the king, to reward the zeal which I had manifested on more than one occasion for his service and the good of the state, had thought proper to gratify my attachment with letters of nobility. I will venture to say in my own praise, that they did not inspire me with the least pride. Having the meanness of my extraction always before my eyes, this honour humbled instead of making me vain; therefore I determined to lock up my patent in a drawer, and never boast its being n my possession.

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definition of the second of the standard Gil Blas meets Fabricio again by accident. The last conversation that happened between them, and the important advice which Nunnez gave to Santillane.

THE Afturian poet (as must have been observed 1 by the reader) willingly neglected me, and my occupations did not permit me to vifit him. I had not feen him fince the day of the differtation on the Iphigenia of Euripides, when chance again threw him in my way near the gate of the fun. He was coming out of a printing.house, and I accosted him, saying, " Aha! Mr. Nunnez, you have been at the printer's; that feems to threaten the public with a new work of your composition." "That is what indeed it may expect, (answered he.) I have actually in the press a pamphlet which will make some noise in the republic of letters." "I don't doubt the merit of thy production, (I replied) but am amazed at thy composing pamphlets, which in my opinion are trifles that do no great honour to a man of genius." " I know it very well, faid Fabricio, and am not ignorant that none but those who read every thing, amuse themselves with pamphlets. However, this one has escaped me, which I own is the child of necessity. Hunger, thou knowest, brings the wolf out of the wood."

" How! (cried I) does the author of the Count de Saldagne talk in this manner? a man who has two thousand crowns a year?" Softly, friend, (faid

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Numez to me) I am no longer that happy noet who enjoyed a well paid pension. The affairs of the treasurer Don Bertrand are disordered all of a sudden. He has singered and squandered away the king's money; all his effects are seized, and my pension is gone to the devil." "That is a melanchely affair, I refumed, but hast thou no hope remaining from that quarter P" "Not the least, said he. Signior Gomez de Ribero, as poor as his poet, is gone to the bottom, and will never, it is said, get his head above water again."

"If that be the case, my child, answered I, I must find out some post to console thee for the loss of thy pension. "I will spare thee that trouble, cried he. If thou wouldest offer me an employment in the minister's offices, worth three thousand crowns yearly, I would refuse it. The business of clerks will not agree with the humour of a foster-child of the Muses; I must enjoy my literary amusements. What shall I say to thee? I am born to live and die a poet.

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aid nez "But don't imagine, continued he, that we are very unhappy; besides that we live in persect independence, we are boys without care. People think that we often dine with Democritus, and there they are mistaken. There is not one of my fraternity, not even excepting the makers of almanacks, who is not welcome to some good table. As for my part, there are two families where I am always received with pleasure. I have two covers laid for me every day, one at the house of a fat director of the farms, to whom I have dedicated a romance; and the other, at the house of a rich citizen, who has the disease of being thought to entertain wits every day at his table; luckily he is not very delicate in his choice, and the city furnishes him with great plenty."

"I no longer pity thee, then, faid I to the Afturian poet, fince thou art fatisfied with thy condition; though though I protest to thee anew, that thou hast always in Gil Blas a friend, who is proof against thy neglect and indifference; if thou hast occasion for my purse, come boldly to me, and let not a filly shame deprive thee of an infallible succour, and rob me of the plea-

fure of obliging thee."

By that generous fentiment, cried Nunnez, I recollect my friend Santillane. I return a thousand thanks for thy kind offer, and out of gratitude will give thee a wholesome advice. While the count-duke continues in power, and thou art in possession of his favour, profit by the opportunity, make hafte to enrich thyself, for I am told he begins to totter." I asked Fabricio if he had that intelligence on good authority? and he answered, " I have it from a knight of Calatrava, who has a very fingular talent in discovering the most hidden secrets; he is looked upon as an oracle, and this is what I heard him fay yesterday. The count-duke has a great many enemies, who are all united to ruin him; he depends too much on the ascendancy which he has over the king : that monarch, it is reported, begins to listen to the complaints which have already reached his ears." I thanked Nunnez for his information, of which I took little notice, but went home, persuaded my master's authority was immoveable, and confidering him as one of those old oaks which are rooted in a forest, and which no florms can overthrow.

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Gil Blas is convinced of the truth of Fabricio's intelligence. The king goes to Saragoffa.

Evertheless, what the Asturian poet had told me, was not without foundation. There was in the palace a fecret confederacy formed against the count duke, and the queen was faid to be at the head of it; but none of the measures which they took to displace the minister, transpired: nay, a whole year passed, before I perceived that his favour had

received the least shock.

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But the revolt of the Catalonians supported by France, and the bad success of the war against these rebels, excited the murmurs of the people, who complained of the government. These complaints. occasioned a council to be held in presence of the king, who defired the Marquis de Grena, the emperor's ambaffador at the court of Spain, to be there. The subject of their deliberation being, whether it was most proper for the king to stay in Castile, or go and shew himself to his troops at Arragon? the countduke, who was averfe to the prince's departure for the army, spoke first: he represented that it was better for his majesty to remain in the centre of his dominions; and supported his opinion with all the reasons which his eloquence could afford. He had no fooner concluded his speech, than his advice was unanimously followed by every body in council, except the Marquis of Grena, who liftening to nothing but his zeal for the house of Austria, and giving way

to the frankness of his nation, opposed the sentiment of the prime minister, and supported the contrary opinion with such force, that the king was struck with the solidity of his arguments, embraced his opinion, though it was opposite to that of the whole council, and fixed the day of his departure for the army.

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This was the first time that ever his majesty durk think otherwise than his favourite; who, looking upon this novelty as a bloody affront, was very much mortified. When the minister was going to retire into his closet, to bite upon the bridle of liberty, he perceived me, and taking me in along with him, recounted what had passed at council, with great agitation: then, like a man who could not recollect himself from his surprise, "Yes, Santillane, (continued he) the king who for these twenty years pass, hath spoke with my mouth, and seen thro' my eyes, now prefers the opinion of Grena to mine; and in what manner too? loading the ambassador with eulogiums, and in particular praising his zeal for the house of Austria, as if that German loved it better than I do.

By this, it is easy to judge (pursued the minister) that there is a party formed against me, and that the queen is at the head of it." " Why, my lord, (faid I) thould you be uneafy with that conjecture? Has not the queen, for more than twelve years, been uled to fee you at the helm, and the king been in a long habit of not confulting her? As for the Marquis de Grena, the monarch, perhaps, chose his opinion, out of delife to fee his army, and make a campaign." "That is not the case, (said the count-duke) say rather, my enemies hope that the king being among his troops, will always be furrounded by the noblemen who will attend him; and that more than one will be found so much disgusted at me, as to speak to the prejudice of my administration: but they are mistaken, (added he) I will make the prince inaccessible to them all, during

during the journey." This he actually performed, in a manner that deserves to be related.

The day of the king's departure beig arrived, that monarch, after having entrusted the queen with the care of the government, in his absence, set out for Sagarossa: but in his way, passing by Aranjuez*, was so delighted with the place, that he staid there almost three weeks: from thence the minister carried him to Cuenza, where he amused him still longer, by various diversions. Then the pleasures of the chace detained him at Molina of Arragon; after which, he

was conducted to Saragossa,

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His army being not far from thence, he prepared for going to it; but the count-duke altered his inclination, by making him believe that he would be in danger of being taken by the French, who were makers of the plain of Moncon: fo, that the king being afraid of the peril which he had no cause to sear, took the resolution of remaining shut up at home, as in a prison. The minister taking advantage of his terror, and under pretence of watching for his safety, guarded him, as it were, from the sight of every body: and the grandees who had been at a vast expence, to put themselves in a condition to follow their sovereign, had not even the satisfaction of obtaining one private audience. Philip, at length, tired of being ill lodged at Saragossa, of passing his time still worse,

^{*} Aranjuez, is a royal palace in New Castile, situated near the rivers of Taio and Garama, in a large plain surrounded by hills and forests, thro' which are many spacious avenues. The entrance to this palace is over two painted wonden bridges, upon the forestid rivers, which join a little below the house. Here is a delightful garden; and in a large square paved with marble, a statue in brass of Charlesthe Fisth armed capapee, trampling upon Heresy represented by sour arch hereticks.

or if you please, of being prisoner, returned in a little time to Madrid. Thus this monarch finished his campaign, leaving to the marquis de los Veles, general of his troops, the care of maintaining the honour of the Spanish arms.

CHAP. IX.

The revolution of Portugal, and the diffrace of the count-duke.

A few days after the king's return, a very disagreeable piece of news spread all over Madrid. It was reported that the Portugueze, looking upon the revolt of the Catalonians as a fair occasion offered to them by fortune, for shaking off the Spanish yoke, had taken up arms, and chosen the duke of Braganza for their king: that they were resolved to maintain him on the throne, and were consident of success; Spain having at that time on her hands, enemies in Germany, Italy, Flanders and Catalonia: indeed, they could not have found a more favourable conjuncture for freeing themselves from a dominion which they detested *.

* This revolution, which happened in the year 1640, was conducted with such surprizing secrety, (tho' the design was known to more than 200 persons, a whole year before) that the duke of Brangaza was declared king, and the Spanish yoke shook off in one day, thro' all the Spanish dominions in Europe, Ass, Africa and America.

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What is very fingular, is that the count-duke, while both court and city feemed to be struck with consternation at the news, wanted to joke with the king, at the expence of the duke de Braganza; but Philip far from being pleased with this raillery, assumed a very grave air,, which disconcerted him, and made him foresee his disgrace: he no longer doubted his own fall when he understood, that the queen had openly declared herself against him, and loudly accused him, of having by his bad administration, occasioned the revolt in Portugal. The greatest part of the grandees, especially those who had been at Saragossa, no sooner perceived that a tempest was brewing over the head of the count-duke, than they joined the queen: and what gave the last stroke to his favour, was, the arrival of the Dutchess Dowager of Mantua, formerly governess of Portugal. This lady, on her return from Lisbon to Madrid, plainly demonstrated to the king, that the revolution of that kingdom happened through the fault of the prime minister.

The discourse of this princess made a great impression on the mind of the monarch, who being, at length, roused from his infatuation for his favourite, so that the affection which he had entertained or him. When the minister was informed that the king listened to his enemies, he wrote a letter to him, asking him leave to resign his employment, and remove from court, since people were so unjust as to impute to him all the missortunes which had happened to the kingdom, during the course of his administration. He thought that this letter would have a great effect, and that the prince still preserved so much friendship for him, as to detain him at court; but all the answer which his majesty returned, was the permission that he desired, with leave to retire

whitherfoever he would.

These words written by the king's own hand, were a thunder-bolt to his grace, who, by no means, expected

pected such a reply : but, though he was very much confounded, he affected an air of constancy, and asked what I would do, were I in his place. " I would foon take my resolution, said I; I would abandon the court, and pass the rest of my days in peace, at some one of my estates in the country." " That is a wholefome advice, replied my malter, and I am fully refolved to finish my career at Loeches, after I shall have once more converted with the king : for I want to demonstrate to him, that I have done all that human prudence could fuggeft, to fustain the weighty burthen with which I was loaded; and that it was impossible for me to prevent the melancholy events laid at my door; being no more to blame, than a skilful pilot, who, in spite of all he can do, fees his veffel toffed about by the waves and winds." The minister still flattered himself, that by speaking to the prince, he might adjust matters, and regain the ground which he had folt; but he never could procure an audience, and besides, one was sent to demand the key of the door, by which he used to enter, when he pleased, into his majelty's apartment. Concluding then, that there were no farther hopes for him, he determined, in good earnest, to retire. He examined his papers, a great quantity of which he very predently committed to the flames; then naming the officers of his houshold and valets who he intended should follow him, he gave orders for his departure, which was fixed for next day. As he was afraid of being insulted by the populace, in coming out of the palace, he flipt away early in the morning, by the kitchen door, and getting into a forry coach, with his confessor and me, safely proceeded for Loeches, a village belonging to him, where his lady had built a magnificent convent of nuns of the dominican order. Thither he repaired in less than four hours, and all his attendants arrived foon after.

CHAP. X.

The anxiety and cares which at first disturbed the repose of the count duke, and the happy tranquillity by which they were succeeded. The occupations of the minister in his retreat.

MADAM d'Olivarez let her husband set out for Loeches, and staid a sew days after him at court, with a delign to try, if by her tears and intreaties, she could not effect his being recalled: but in vain did she prostrate herself before their majesties; the king had no regard to her remonstrances, though artfully prepared; and the queen, who hated her mortally, beheld her tears with pleasure. The minifter's wife was not repulsed for all that; she humbledherself so far as to implore the good offices of the queen's ladies; but the fruit which she reaped from her meannefs, was to perceive that it excited contempt rather than compassion. Vexed at having taken such humbling steps to no purpose, she went and joined her husband, to grieve with him for the loss of a place, which, under a reign like that of Philip the Fourth, was perhaps the first of the monarchy.

This lady's report of the condition in which she left Madrid, redoubled the affliction of the countduke: "Your enemies, faid the weeping, the duke of Medina Celi, and the other grandees who hate you, incessantly praise the king for having deprived you of the ministry; and the people celebrate your disgrace with an insolence of joy, as if the end of the national misfortunes was attached to that of your ad-

ministration."

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" Madam, faid my mafter to her, follow my example, and stifle your forrow; we must yield to the tempek that I could have perpetuated my favour, even to the end of my life; the ordinary illusion of ministers and favourites, who forget that their fate depends upon their fovereign: has not the duke of Lerma been mistaken as well as I, though he imagined that his purple was the sure guarantee of the eternal dura-

tion of his authority ?"

In this manner did the count-duke exhort his spoule to arm herself with patience; while he himself was in agitation, which was daily increased by the difpatches which he received from Don Henry, who having remained at court, to observe, took care to inform him exactly of every thing that happened: it was Scipio who brought the letters from that young nobleman, whom he still ferved, I having quitted him upon his marriage with Donna Juana. The dif. patches of this adopted fon were always filled with bad news, and unhappily, no others were expected from him. Sometimes, he wrote that the grandees, not contented with rejoicing publickly, at the retreat of the count-duke, were again re-united to turn all his creatures from the posts and employments which they possessed, to replace them with his enemies : another time, he observed that Don Lewis de Haro began to come into favour, and would, in all probability, be made prime-minister. Of all the disagreeable news which my master received, that which feemed to affect him most, was the change made in the viceroyalty of Naples, which the court, folely to mortify him, took from the duke of Medina de las Torres, whom he loved, and gave it to the admiral of Caltile, whom he had always hated.

I may venture to fay, that during three months, his grace felt nothing in his folitude, but trouble and chagrin; but his confessor, who was a Dominican friar, and with the most solid piety possessed a manly eloquence, had power enough to console him. By

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means of reprefenting with energy, that he ought to bend his thoughts entirely to his own falvation, he had, with the help of grace, the good fortune to detach his mind from the court. His excellency would no longer hear any news from Madrid, his whole care being now engroffed in preparing for his latter end. Madam d'Olivarez also, making a good use of her retreat, met with a consolation prepared by providence, in the convent which the had founded; there were among the nuns, some holy maidens, whose converfation, full of balm, infenfibly sweetened the bitternels of her life: in proportion as my master turned his thoughts from worldly affairs, he became more and more tranquil; and, in this manner, regulated the day. He spent almost the whole morning in hearing mass in the church of the convent, then returned to dinner; after which, he amufed himfelf about two hours in playing at all forts of games, with me and some other of his most affectionate domestics; then usually retired by himself into his closet, where he remained till fun set; at which time he took turn in his garden, or an airing in his coach, to the neighbourhood of his castle, accompanied sometimes by his confessor, and sometimes by me.

One day being alone with him, and admiring the ferenity of his countenance, I took the liberty to fay, "My lord, allow me to express my joy: from the air of satisfaction in your looks, I conclude that your excellency begins to be accustomed to retirement." "I am already quite familiarized to it, answered he, and though I have been a long time used to business, I protest to thee, child, that I am every day more and more pleased with the quiet and peaceable life

which I lead in this place."

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CHAP. XI.

The count duke becomes all of a sudden, sad and thoughtful: the surprizing cause of his melancholy, with its fatal consequence.

HIS grace, in-order to vary his occupations, amufed himself sometimes, also, in cultivating his garden. One day while I beheld him at work, he said to me in a jocular strain: "Santillane, thou sees a minister banished from Court, turned gardener at Loeches." "My lord, answered I, in the same tone, methinks I see Dionysius, of Syracuse, school-master at Corinth." My master smiled at my reply, and was

not at all displeased at the comparison.

All the people in the house were overjoyed to see their master, superior to his disgrace, charmed with a life so different from that which he had always led: when we perceived with forrow, that he visibly changed: he became gloomy, thoughtful, and sunk into a most profound melancholy. He lest off playing with us, and no longer seemed sensible of all that we could invent for his diversion; but locked himself up after dinner in his choset, where he remained alone till night: we imagined that his chagrin had been occasioned by the returning ideas of his past greatness, and in that opinion, lest with him the Dominican friar, whose eloquence, however, could not triumph over the melancholy of his grace, which instead of diminishing seemed daily to increase.

It came into my head, that the pensiveness of this minister, might have some particular cause, which he

was unwilling to disclose; and on this conjecture I formed the defign of drawing the fecret from him: for this purpole, I lay in wait for an opportunity of speaking to him in private, and having found it : "My lord, faid I, with an air of respect and affection, may Gil Blas be so bold as to put one question to his mafter?" " Speak, he replied, I give thee leave." What (faid I) is become of that fatisfaction which appeared in your excellency's face? have you no longer that afcendency which you had once gained over fortune? or does your lost favour excite new regret within you? Would you be plunged again in that abyss of trouble, from which your virtue hath extricated you?" " No, thank heaven, (refumed the minister) my memory is no longer engrossed by the part which I acted at court; I have for ever forgot the honours which I there enjoyed." " Why then (faid I) fince you have philosophy enough to banish these things from your remembrance, are you so weak as to abandon yourfelf to a melancholy which alarms us all? What is the matter with you, my dear malter? (added I, throwing myself at his feet) you have, doubtless, some secret forrow that consumes you: will you make a mystery of it to Santillane, whose zeal, fidelity, and discretion you know fo well? By what misfortune have I loft your confidence?"

"Thou hast it still, said he, but I confess I have a reluctance to reveal the cause of that sadness with which thou seest me overwhelmed: nevertheless, I cannot resist the intreaties of such a servant and friend as thee. Know then the cause of my disquiet, which is a secret that I could impart to none but Santillane. Yes, continued he, I am a prey to the most dismal melancholy, which gradually consumes my life. I I see almost every moment a spectre, which presents itself before me in the most terrible shape. In vain have I said to myself, that it is no more than an illusion, an unsubstantial phantom of my brain; the con-

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tinual apparition invells my view, and diffurbs my repose. Though my understanding is strong enough to persuade me that this spectre is really nothing. I am notwithstanding weak enough to be afflicted at the This is what thou hast forced me to disclose, added he, and thou mayest judge whether or not I am to blame in concealing from all the world the cause of my melancholy." I was equally grieved and aftonished to hear such an extraordinary declaration, which was a strong indication of the machine's being disordered. " My lord, (said I to the minister) is not this occasioned by too little nourishment; for your abstinence is excessive." " That was what I imagined at first, answered he, and to try if it was actually owing to my diet, I have, for some days past, eaten more than usual; but without any effect; the phantom still appears." " It will certainly disappear (faid I, to confole him); and if your excellency would relax yourself a little, by playing again with your faithful servants, I believe you would soon find yourfelf delivered from these gloomy vapours."

In a little time after this conversation, his grace fell fick; and finding the affair grow ferious, fent to Madrid for two notaries to make his will; as also, for three famous physicians, who had the reputation of curing their patients sometimes. As soon as the arrival of these last was reported in the castle, nothing was heard but groans and lamentations: the fervants looked upon the death of their master as just at hand; fo much were they prejudiced against these gentlemen, who had brought along with them an apothecary and furgeon, the usual executioners of their pre-Scriptions. They let the notaries do their bufiness; after which they prepared to do their own: being of Dr. Sangrado's principles, in their very first consultation they ordered repeated bloodings; fo that, in fix days, they reduced the count-duke to extremity, and on the feventh, delivered him entirely from his apparition *.

Upon the death of this minister, a deep and sincere forrow reigned in the castle of Loeches; all his domestics wept bitterly; far from consoling themselves for his loss, with the certainty of being comprehended in his will, there was not one among them who would not have renounced his legacy, to recal him to life. As for me, who had been beloved by him, and whose attachment slowed from pure personal affection, I was more afflicted than all the rest; and question whether I shed more tears for Antonia, than for the count-duke.

*The count-duke died on the 12th of July 1645, not at Loeches, but at Toro in New Castile. His death, according to report. having been hastened by his relations, who seeing him become more and more odious to the people, even in spite of his retreat, were afraid of his suffering some new ignominy to the surther disgrace of his family.

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CHAP. XII.

The transaction at the castle of Loeches; after the death of the Count Duke; and the departure of Santillane.

THE minister, according to his own direction, being buried without noise and pomp, in the convent of nuns, by the sound of our lamentations; after the suneral, Madam d'Olivarez ordered the will to be read, with which all the domestics had reason to be satisfied. Every one had a legacy proportioned to his station; the least was two thousand crowns; mine was the most considerable; his grace having bequeathed to me ten thousand pistoles, as a proof of his particular affection. He did not forget the hospitals, and sounded annual service in several convents.

Madam d'Olivarez fent all the domestics to Madrid, to riceive their legacies from the steward Don Raymond Caporis, who had orders to pay them; but I could not accompany them, being detained at the castle seven or eight days by a high fever, which was the fruit of my affliction. In this fituation, I was not abandoned by the Dominican friar: that good clergyman had conceived an affection for me; and interesting himself in my salvation, asked, when he saw me in a fair way, what I intended to do, " I don't know, my good father, (answered I): I have not, as yet, determined with myself on that score: at some moments, I am tempted to shut myself up in a cell, and do penance." Those are precious mo-. ments! cried the Dominican: Signior de Santillane, you will do well to profit by them. I advise you

ss a friend without your ceasing to be a layman, to retire, for example, into our convent at Madrid, to make yourfelf a benefactor to it, by a donation of all your fortune, and die there under the habit of St. Dominick. A great many people expiate a worldly

life, by fuch an end."

I was then in such a disposition of mind, that I began to relish the advice, and told his reverence, that I would consider of it. But having consulted Scipio, whom I saw immediately after the monk, he inveighed against that sentiment, which seemed to him the whim of a sick person. "Fy! Signior de Santillane, said he, can you be pleased with such a retreat? Will not your house at Lirias afford one much more agreeable? If you was delighted with it heretosore, you will have a much better relish for the sweets of it, now that you are of an age much more proper

for tasting the beauties of nature."

The fon of Coscolina had no great difficulty in making me change my opinion. " Friend, faid I, thou hast prevailed over the Dominican. I see it will be better for me to return to my castle : and fix my refolution accordingly: we will repair to Lirias. as foon as I shall be in a condition to travel: and this happened very foon; for the fever having left me in a little time, I found myfelf strong enough to put my defign in execution. Scipio and I went first to Madrid, the fight of which city no longer gave me that pleafure which I had formerly felt; as I knew that almost all its inhabitants abhorred the memory of a minister, of whom I preserved the most tender remembrance, I could not behold it with a favourable eye: and therefore flaid in it only five or fix days, which Scipio employed in making preparations for our departure for Lirias. While he was buly about our equipage, I went to Caporis, who gave me my legacy in doubloons: I likewise visited the receivers of the commanderies, on whom I had pensions, took meafuro measures with them for the payment; and in a word

put all my affairs in order.

On the evening before our departure, I asked the fon of Coscolina if he had taken leave of Don Henry. "Yes, answered he, we this morning parted good friends: he assured me, that he was sorry for my leaving him; but if he was satisfied with me, I was not so with him: it is not enough that the valet pleases the master; the master ought at the same time to please the valet; otherwise they are very ill met. Besides, added he, Don Henry makes but a pitiful figure at court, where he is sunk into the lowest contempt. He is even pointed at in the streets, and every body calls him the son of the Genoese. So you may guess whether or not it is agreeable to a lad of

bonour, to serve a man in such disgrace."

At length, we fet out from Madrid early one morning, and took the road to Cuenca, in the following order and equipage: my confident and I were mounted in a chaife and pair, conducted by a posildion; three moyles loaded with our baggage and money, and led by two grooms, followed chose after; and two lufty lacqueys, chosen by Scipio, mounted on mules, and armed to the teeth, brought up the rear: the grooms wore fabres, and the postilion had two good pistols at his faddle-bow. As we were in all feven men, fix of whom were very resolute, I travelled merrily, without any apprehension of losing my legacy. Our moyles proudly founding their bells, in the villages through which we passed, the pealants ran to their doors, to fee the march of our equipage, which they imagined to belong to some grandee going to take possession of a vice-royalty.

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CHAP. XIII.

Cil Blas returns to his castle, where he is overjoyed to find Seraphina, his god daughter, marriageable: and falls in love with another lady.

Spent fifteen days on the road to Lirias, being under no necessity of travelling fast: all that I defired was, to arrive at it safely; and my wish was accomplished. The fight of my castle at first inspired me with some melancholy thoughts, it recalling the memory of Antonia: but I soon banished them, by entertaining my sancy with more pleasant ideas: and this I could the more easily do, as twenty years, which were elapsed since her death, had a good deal weakened the sorce of my forrow.

As foon as I entered the castle, Beatrice and her daughter came with great eagerness to salute me; then the father, mother, and child hugged one another with transports of joy, which charmed me.

After their mutual embraces, I looked at my god-daughter attentively, faying: "Can this be that Seraphina whom I left in the cradle, when I departed from Lirias! I am overjoyed to fee her again, so tall and so handsome, we must have her settled for life." "How, my dear god-father, (cried she, reddening at my last words) you have seen me but for a moment, and you already talk of getting rid of me!" No, my child, (answered I) we don't intend to lose you by marriage: we must have a husband who will enjoy you, without robbing your parents of

your company, and in a manner live with us altoge-

"Such an one offers at present, said Beatrices a gentleman of this country, having seen Seraphina one day at mass, in the wilage-chapel, sell in love with her. He has been to wist me, declared his passion, and asked my consent. If you had it, (said I to him) you would be never the nearer; Seraphina depends upon her father and god-sather, who alone can dipose her. All that I can do for you, is to inform them, by a letter, of your demand, which, I own, does honour to my daughter. Really, gentlemen, added she, I was going to write about it immediately: but now that you are returned, you shall

do in it what you think proper."

" But, faid Scipio, what character has this Hidal-20?* is he, like most of your small gentry, proud of his nobility, and infolent to plebeians?" " Not at all, replied Beatrice: he is a sweet tempered young man, extremely polite, has a good mien, and is not yet full thirty." " You draw an agreeable picture of that cavalier, faid I to Beatrice: pray, what it his name?" "Don Juan de Jutella, anfwered Scipio's wife: he has but lately succeeded to his father, and lives in a castle about a league from hence with a young fifter, who is under his care." 46 I have formerly, faid I, heard of this gentleman's family, which is one of the most noble in the kingdom of Valencia." " I efteem his nobility, cried Scipio, less than the qualities of his heart and understanding; and this Don Juan will fuit us very well, provided he be a man of honour." " He has the reputation of one, faid Seraphina, joining in the conwerfation: the inhabitants of Lirias, who knew him,

^{*} Hidalgo, literally, the fon of fomebody, is an appellation given to a country gentleman in Spain.

give him the best of characters." At these words of my god-daughter, I smiled to her father; who having likewise observed them, concluded, that his daugh-

ter was not displeased at her gallant.

This cavalier foon got notice of our arrival at Lirias; and two days after appeared at our caftle. He faluted us gracefully; and, far from contradicting by his presence what Beatrice had said to his advantage, his behaviour made us conceive an high opinion of his merit. He told us, that as our neighbour, he had come to congratulate us upon our happy return ; and we received him with all the courtefy in our power: but this visit, which was made out of pure civility, passed in mutual compliments: and Don-Juan, without having mentioned a syllable of his pasfion for Seraphina, retired, only defiring our permission to profit by a neighbourhood, which he forefaw would be very agreeable to him. When he was: gone Beatrice, asking our opinion of the gentleman, we answered, that he had prepossessed us in his fayour; and that, in all appearance, fortune could not offer a better match for Seraphina.

The very next day I went out after dinner with Coscolina's son, to return the visit which we owed to Don Juan. We took the road to his castle, conducted by a guide, who (when we had walked about three quarters of an hour) said, "There is the castle of Don Juan de Jutella." In vain did we cast our eyes around the country; it was a long time before we perceived it; nay, we did not discover it till we arrived at the gate; for it was situated at the foot of a mountain, in the middle of a wood, whose losty trees concealed it from the view. The house denoted the nobility, more than the opulence of its master; however, when we entered, we found the craziness of the building compensated by the richnels of the

furniture.

Don Juan received us in a very handsome half. where he introduced us to a lady whom he called his fifter Dorothea, and who seemed to be about the age of nineteen or twenty. She was full dreffed, because having expected our vifit, the was defirous of appearing as amiable as fhe could; and offering herself to my view, in all her charms, fhe made the same impression that Antonia had made upon my heart; that is, I was disconcerted: but concealed my disorder so well, that Scipio himself did not observe it. Our conversation, like that of the preceding day, turned upon the mutual pleasure we should enjoy in vifiting one another, and living together in good neighbourhood. He did not, as yet, speak to us of Seraphina, and we gave him no encouragement to declare his passion, resolving that it should first come from thimfelf. During the conversation, I frequently eyed Dorothea, though I affected to look at her as little as possible; and every time our eyes met, she darted fresh arrows into my soul. I must say, however, for the take of truth, that this beloved object was mot a perfect beauty; for, though her skin was of a dazzling whiteness, and her lips of the complexion of the rofe, her note was fomewhat too long, and her eyes too little. Nevertheless the whole together quite enchanted me.

In short, I did not leave the castle of Jutella as I had entered it; and on my return to Livias, my mind was so wholly possessed by Dorothea, that I saw nothing but her, and she was the sole subject of my conversation, "How! master! (said Scipio, looking at me with assonishment) you are very full of Don Juan's sister. Hath she made a conquest of your heart?" Yes, friend, (answered I) and I blush at my own weakness. O heavens! must I, who, since Antonia's death, have beheld a thousand beauties with indifference, meet with one, at my age, who, in spite of all my endeavours, inflames me with love!" "Well,

Sir, (replied Coscolina's son) you ought to rejoice, instead of complaining, at the adventure: there is nothing ridiculous in a man of your age being in love, and time hath not as yet so surrowed your brow, as to deprive you of the hope of pleasing. Take my advice, when next you see Don Juan boldly demand his sister in marriage; he cannot refuse her to such a person as you: and besides, if it is absolutely necessary that Dorothea's husband should be a gentleman, are not you one? You have letters of nobility, and that is enough for your posterity, when time shall have shrowded these letters with that thick veil which covers the origin of all great families: after four or five generations, the race of Santillane will be the most illustrious."

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The double marriage celebrated at Lirias, which concludes the history of Gil Blas de Santillane.

clare myself the lover of Dorothea, without considering that he exposed me to the risk of a refusal: I could not, however, determine upon it without trembling: for, although I looked younger than I was, and could have sunk ten good years at least of my age, I could not help thinking I had good reason to doubt of my pleasing a young beauty. I resolved, nevertheless, to risk the demand, as soon as I should see her brother, who, for his part, being uncertain of obtaining my god-daughter, was not

without abundance of anxiety.

He returned to my house next morning, just as I had done dressing, and said, "Signior de Santillane, I am come to-day to talk with you about a serious affair." I carried him into a closet, where, coming to the point at once, "I believe (continued he) that you are not ignorant of my errand. I love Seraphina; and as you can sway her father to any thing, pray render him favourable to me; procure for me the object of my passion, and let me owe the happiness of my life to you." "Signior Don Juan, (answered I) since you come to the business at once, give me leave to follow your example; and, after having promised you my good offices with the father of my god-daughter, to demand your interest with your sister in my behalf."

At these last words, Don Juan expressed an agreeable surprize, from which I drew a favourable omen. "Is it possible, (cried he) that Dorothea made a conquest of your heart yesterday?" "I am quite charmed

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charmed with her! (faid I) and will think myfelf the happiest of mankind, if my demand is agreeable to you both." " Of that you may be affured, (he replied:) noble as we are, we will not disdain your alliance." " I am very glad (answered I) that you make no difficulty in receiving a plebeian for your brother-in-law : I esteem you the more on that account; and in so doing, you shew your good understanding; but, were you even so vain as to refule your fifter's hand to any body but a gentleman, know, that I could fatisfy your pride: I have laboured twenty years under the minister; and the king, to recompence the services which I had done the state, has gratified me with letters of nobility, which you shall see." So faying, I took my patent out of the drawer where it lay concealed, and prefented it to the gentleman, who read it attentively, from begining to end, with valt fatisfaction. " This is excellent! (faid he, restoring the papers: Dorothea is yours." " And you (cried I) may depend upon Seraphina."

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These two marriages being thus resolved upon, all that remained, was to know, if the brides would consent with a good grace : for Don Juan and I being equally delicate, did not intend to force their inclinations. That gentleman returned, therefore, to his castle of Jutella, to propose me to his fister; and I affembled Scipio, Beatrice, and their daughter, to communicate the conversation I had with that cavalier. Beatrice was for accepting him without helitation; and Seraphina, by her filence, shewed that she was of her mother's opinion. As to the father, he was not indeed averse to the match; but expressed fome uneafiness about the dowry, which, he faid, must be given to the gentleman, whose castle had fuch pressing need of repairs. I stopt Scipio's mouth, telling him, that affair concerned me, and that I would make a present to my god-daughter of four

thousand pistoles for her portion.

Don. Juan returning that very evening, "Your affairs (said I to him) succeed to a miracle; I wish mine may be in no worse condition." "They are also on an excellent footing, (he replied) I had no occasion to employ authority, to obtain Dorothra's consent: your person is to her liking, and she is pleased with your behaviour. You was apprehensive of your being disagreeable to her; and she is more justly asraid, that having nothing but her heart and hand to offer"—"What more would I have! (cried I, in a transport of joy;) since the charming Dorothea has no reluctance to unite her sate with mine, I ask no more! I am rich enough to marry her without a portion, and the-possession of her alone will crown my wishes!"

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Don Juan and I, well pleased with having brought matters happily so far, resolved to hasten our nuptials by supressing all superssuous ceremonies. I brought this gentleman and Seraphina's Parents together; and after they had agreed upon the conditions of the marriage, he took his leave, promising to return next day with Dorothea. The desire I had of appearing agreeable to that lady, made me employ three hours, at least, in adjusting and adonizing myself, pleased with my own person. It is only a pleasure for a young man to prepare himself for visiting his mistress: but to one who begins to grow old, it is quite a fatigue. However, I was more happy

than I deserved to be.

When next I faw Don Juan's fifter, she regarded me with such a favourable eye, that I imagined myself still good for something. I had a long conversation with her, was charmed with her disposition; and concluded, that, with delicate behaviour, and a great deal of complaisance, I should become a beloved spouse. Elevated with this agreeable hope, I sent to Valencia for two notaries, who drew up the contract of marriage; then we had recourse to the

eurate of Paterna, who came to Lirias, and married

Don Juan and me to our mistresses.

Thus for the second time, did I light the torch of Hymen, and had no cause to repent my conduct. Dorothea, like a virtuous wife, made a pleasure of her duty; and, sensible of my care to anticipate her defires, foon attached herfelf to me, as much as if I had been a young man. On the other hand, Don Juan and my god-daughter were inflamed with mutual ardour; and, what is very fingular, the two fifters-in-law conceived the most passionate and fincere friendship for one another. As for my part, I found fo many good qualities in my brother-in-law, that I felt a real affection for him; and he did not repay it with ingratitude. In short, the union that seigned among us was fuch, that in the evening, when we parted, only till next day, that separation was not performed without pain; fo that, of the two families, we resolved to make one, which should live fometimes at the callle of Lirias, and fometimes at that of Jutella, which, for this purpose, received great reparations, by the help of his excellency's piftoles.

I have for three years, gentle reader, led a delicious life with people whom I love fo much; and to crown my felicity, heaven has bleffed me with two children, whom I pioufly believe to be my own, and whose education shall be the amusement of my old

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London: Printed for J. WENMAN, No. 144, in Fleet-Street; and fold by all Bookfellers and News-carriers in Great-Britain and Ireland.

To the PUBLIC.

TO be ignorant of our mother tongue is not only a misfortune, but a disgrace; especially as Grammar

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land than in any other part of the globe; those perfons, therefore, who speak or write with impropriety,
are even without an excuse to palliate their ignorance.
Grammar, which contains the rules for speaking or
writing any language properly, has lately been greatly
attended to by the most celebrated men among us.
Many ingenious and interesting articles are diffeminated in the variety of Dictionaries already extant;
with all these performances we shall endeavour to enrich this work; being determined that nothing valuable shall escape our vigilance and attention. The
whole substance of every ingenious production, on
the subject of Grammar, shall be transplanted into
The New Royal English Dictionary.

Every Dictionary hitherto published of the English language, is either a large folio, which costs several pounds, or a small volume in octavo, of the price of six or twelve shillings. The former is consequently too prolix, and the latter too concise: we therefore imagined that a medium between the two extremes would, at once, contribute to the improvement and economy of the purchasers. Exclusive of every article necessary for understanding the language of this country, this Work will also comprehend Biography, Geography, Chronology, and Heathen Mythology. It will indeed be very extensive, copious, and faissactory; and, though less expensive than the solios on the same subject, will contain five times the quantity

Drayton, Nov. 30, 1780.

of any octavo Dictionary in one volume.

C. MARRIOTT

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CHAP, VIII. Will Miss organization the dilicus

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TT

CONTENTS

Le what was and while will be a

o f

VOLUME I.

BOOK I.

THAP. I. Of the birth and education of Gil Blas CHAP. II. Of his being grievously alarmed in his way to Pennaflor: Of his conduct in that town; with an account of a person who supped with him CHAP. III. Of the carrier's temptation on the road, and its consequence.—How Gil Blas, in attempting to get out of the frying pan, fell into the fire CHAP. IV. A description of the subterranean habitation, and of what Gil Blas observed therein 23 CHAP. V. Of the arrival of more thieves in the fubterranean habitation, and the agreeable converfation that happened among them CHAP. VI. Of the attempt of Gil Blas to make his escape, and the success thereof

CONTENTS.	
CHAP. VII. Of the behaviour of Gil Blas, when he could do no better	. 1
CHAP. VIII. Gil Blas accompanies the thieves,	107
and performs an exploit on the highway CHAP. IX. Of the ferious affair that followed	ides pares
this adventure 42	1950
to the lady—Of the great defign which Gil Blas	1981.
projected, and the iffue thereof	1(
CHAP. XI. The history of Donna Mencia of Mof- quera	
CHAP, XII. The disagreeable manner inn which	
Gil Blas and the lady were interrupted 58	
CHAP. XIII. By what accident Gil Blas was fet at li- berty at last; and whither he directed his course 61	
CHAP. XIV. Of his reception at Burgos by	lan e
Donna Mencia 65 CHAP. XV. Of the manner in which Gil Blas	194
dressed himself-Of the new present he received	1
from the lady, and the equipage in which he de-	
CHAP. XVI. Shews that we ought not to trust too	
much to prosperity 73	CH
CHAP. XVII. How Gil Blas bestowed himfelf after	CH
the adventure of the ready furnished lodging 79	CH
B O O K II.	' u
CHAP. I. Fabricius conducts Gil Blas, and intro-	v
troduces him to the licentiate Sedillo; the fituation	CH
of this canon; a description of his housekeeper 88 CHAP. II. In what manner the canon was treated	f
when it fell fick t the consequence of it; and the	·
legar side he left to Gil Blas 95	
CHA Gil Blas engages himself in the service Sangrado, and becomes a celebrated phy-	
meion 100	CH.
CHAP IV. Gil Blas continues to act the physician	ar
with equal capacity and success Adventure or	th
she ring retrieved.	4

Street Age

**

especially in

seres Cannin Ralando at Macrid, and the cuite,

and a become wide our days a social to

Ti.

7

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9

12

ed

as 44 of-50

ch

58

li• 61 by 65

las

ed

de-

69

too

73

fter

79

tro-

88

ited

95 vice hy-

cian

e of

115

19

CLAN, HE. He is edented by Them Barnard w. Cafel Blaze and A. H. That he be view by shear was the factor of the bear with

CONTENTS

CARAP. W. Cit that the up to the control called.

Fighthrouse conjunc**y** t**o** with a new buly a self
CHAP. F. VI. The conversions of theme notices

VOLUME II.

Bu what secident Cil Bias

CHAP. V. The sequel of the ring retrieved.

Gil Blas quits the profession of physic, and makes his retreat from Valladolid

CHAP. VI. Of his route when he left Valladolid; and the person he joined on the road

CHAP. VII. The story of the journeyman barber 18

CHAP. VIII. Gil Blas and his companion come up with a man, whom they perceive foaking crusts of bread in a spring; and enter into conversation with him.

CHAP. IX. The condition in which Diego finds his family; and an account of the rejoicings; after which Gil Blas bids him farewell.

BOOK III.

CHAP. I. The arrival of Gil Blas at Madrid: with an account of the first master whom he served in that city.

CHAP.

CHAP. III. He is difmissed by Don Barnard Castel Blazo, and enters into the service of a beau CHAP. IV. How Gil Blas became acquainted withe valets of the beaus—The admirable secret the imparted to him, of acquiring the reputation of man of wit, at a small expense, and the singular oath which they obliged him to take CHAP. V. Gil Blas sets up for a man of gallant and becomes acquainted with a fine lady CHAP. VI. The conversation of some noblem about the players of the prince's company CHAP. VII. The history of Don Pompeio Castro CHAP. VIII. By what accident Gil Blas wobliged to seek a new place CHAP. IX. Of the person in whose service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he castella service he gaged after the death of Don Matthias de Silva in the castella service he castella service h	de de 66 de 66 de 14 de 18 de
CHAP. XI. Which is as fhort as the foregoing CHAP. XI. How the players lived together;	111
Transfer and the control of the cont	

8) (Hist Lines to an Edgeth at

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I. The springs of Cal She at Made He will.

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CHAP.

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75 try, 82 ncn,

(

Wil

e en

1 108

115

and

13

CONTENTS

OF

VOLUME III.

Ontinuation of Book iii. Chap. XI.

CHAP. XII. Gil Blas acquires the theatrical taste, abandons himself to the pleasures of a comic life, with which however he is disgusted in a little time

BOOK IV.

CHAP. I. Gil Blas being disgusted at the irregularities of the actresses, quits the service of Arsenia, and gets into a more creditable family 10 CHAP. II. The reception that Gil Blas met with from Aurora, and the conversation that passed between them

CHAP. HI. The great change that happened in the family of Don Vincent, and the strange resolution with which love inspired the fair Aurora 19 CHAP. IV. The baleful marriage. A novel 25 CHAP. V. The behaviour of Aurora de Guzman, at Salamanca

CHAP. VI. The Stratagems practifed by Aurora
to captivate Don Lewis de Pacheco 62
CHAP. VII. Gil Blas quits his place, and goes into
the service of Don Gonzales de Pacheco 71
CHAP. VIII. The character of the marchioness of
Chaves, and of those people who usually visited
her 8t
CHAP. IX. The incident, in consequence of which,
Gil Blas quitted the marchioness de Chaves; and
the course he followed afterwards 86
CHAP. X. The flory of Don Alphonso and the fair
Séraphina 5
CHAP. XI. The old hermit discovers himself,
and Gil Blas perceives that he is among his ac-
quaintance 106

BOOK V.

NI ZOOR

CHAP. I. The history of Don Raphael

10

CH

CH

CH

1

CH

CHAP I GH Blie being difgufied at the inerview of times of the adjustice, quite the ferrors of A ferror and gets into a more conductite family to the interview of the CHAP II I a reception that Gil. Plus there with them A norm, and the convertation about pathod the convertation about pathod the convertation about pathod the case of the language of the language of the with which precinful and the free general authorities which precinful and the free general authorities which precinful and the free general authorities which which the caseful marriage. A novel up CHAP II The behaviour of course of the accuracy of course of the caseful accuracy of th

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CONTENTS. will not imposed take told to O to one of the 17, FARES raffit of 17 va and the boom confequence that as and the second of the second of the second

CONTENTS

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The Least the CO and teach after

VOLUME IV.

Ontinuation of Book V. Chap. I. CHAP. II. The council which Don Raphael held with his hearers, and the adventure which happened to them when they defigned to quit the wood

BOOK VI.

CHAP. I. The conduct of Gil Blas and his Companions, after they quitted the Count de Polan. The important project which Ambrose formed, and the manner in which it was executed

CHAP. II. The resolution which Don Alphonso and Gil Blas formed after this adventure

CHAP III. After what disagreeable incident Don Alphonso found his wishes fulfilled; and by what adventure Gil Blas, of a sudden, saw himself in a happy fituation

BOOK VII.

CHAP. I. The amours of Gil Blas and dame Lorenca Sephora 83

CHAP

A CONTRACTOR CONTRACTOR

CH

	CO	NTEN	TS.	
caffle of tended CHAP. I archbiff CHAP. I the apo found tricated CHAP.	Leyva, and the bad fue II. Gil Boop, and the V. The aplexy. The imfelf, and T. The fte	e of Gil Bl d the happ cees of his clas become he canal of rchbishop he dilemma d the meth	as after he y confequence amours as the favoral his bount is feized with in which od he too	with a fit of he Gil Blas k to be ex- 104 bk after the
archbif	hop had o	dismissed	im. His	s accidental ad been fo
much o	bliged to	him; with	the grati	tude of that
CHAP. 1	VI. Gil B	las goes to	fee a play	at Grenada.
and the	confequen	ces of that		actress;
CHAP. 1		history of l	Laura	116
	en revolution		W menter	troposignit bookery
	173	10% 10	r. Registy	Taraka 1
		e trongel		
3.32	Andrey of the	E Sant Sant 120au A-dah 2010 August Sant August Sant Sant		militarity
. Wales				
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	o tite			7
			i Wii	
	A.S. S. Ly	off to the s	runus el	I I CLANIO
A				motigns

OF

VOLUME V.

1 ot 7 . 306

Continuation Book VII. Chap. VII. CHAP. VIII. The reception which Gil B met with from the players of Grenada, and his fit ing an old acquaintance behind the fcenes	nds
CHAP. IX. He supped that evening with an ex ordinary man; an account of what happened tween them	be-
CHAP. X. The commission that the Mare de Marialva gave to Gil Blas, and the man in which that faithful secretary acquitted himsel it	ner f of
CHAP. XI. Gil Blas receives a piece of news what was like a thunderbolt to him	hick 25
CHAP. XII. Gil Blas takes lodgings in a he where he contracts an acquaintance with cap Chinchilla. The character of that officer; wan account of the affair that brought him to drid	ouse tain with
CHAP. XIII. Gil Blas meets his dear friend Facius at court; their mutual joy; they repair toge to a certain place, where a curious conversa	ther

CHAP

happens between them

CHAP. XIV. Fabricius introduces Gil Blas to the fervice of Count Galiano, a Sicilian nobleman

CHAP. XV. Count Galiano invests Gil Blas with an employment in his house

CHAP. XVI. An accident happens to Count Galiano's baboon, which is the cause of great affliction to that nobleman. Gil Blas falls fick; the consequence of his distemper

BOOK VIII.

CHAP. I. Gil Blas contracts a good acquaintance, and obtains a post that consoles him for count Galiano's ingratitude. The history of Don Valerio de Luna 63

CHAP. II. Gil Blas is prefented to the duke of Lerma, who receives him into the number of his feetetaries; fets him to work, and is fatisfied with his performance

CHAP. III. He learns that his post is not altogether without mortifications. His uncasiness at this piece of news, which obliges him to alter his conduct.

CHAP. IV. Gil Blas gains the favour of the duke of Lerma, who intrults him with a fecret of great importance

CHAP. V. Gil Blas is overwhelmed with joy, honour, and diffress 80

CHAP. VI. The manner in which Gil Blas informs
the duke of Lerma of his necessity, and that minifter's behaviour on the occasion

CHAP. VII. The good use to which he put his fifteen hundred ducats; the first affair in which he intermeddled, and the profit from thence accruing

CHAP.

6

n

0

i-

n

e-

6

lide 63 of his ith 60 geat his 74 of m-78 ho-80 ms mi-84 his nich ac-89 AP. CHAP. VIII. The history of Don Roger de Rada 92 CHAP. IX. Gil Blas finds means to make a confiderable fortune in a very short time, and gives himfelf great airs accordingly

CHAP. X. The morals of Gil Blas are entirely corrupted at court. He is charged with a commission by the count de Lenos, and engages in an intrigue with that nobleman

CHAP. XI. The private visits and presents which

the prince of Spain made to Catalina

7 10 7 1000 CHAR. THE WHENDERS HOW HOLD WIFE WAR AND SECTION AND LAND SECTION 19/12 4 Me a marked profit profit of charles The state of the s CHAP. M. Chernel lett Odbbar age and MATERIA DEPLINE PLUMI SE SE PRIME DE LE MENTION DE LE MENT He for the Compaction, as a stick endows advised The transfer of the second of the second of the second All St. St. Comments of the St. St. St. 190 A STATE OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR Carlot and Enterior Marketine and Science and And the part of the later than Who protect the manufacture is a local section of the High

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CONTENTS

CHARL AND STATE OF O SERVICE SON TO SERVICE OF THE SERVICE OF SERV

VOLUME VI.

THAT, THE Sense of the Marie Court In the State of the

Ontinuation of Book VIII. Chap. XI. 5 CHAP. XII. Catalina's real character. The perplexity and uneafiness of Gil Blas. The precaution he was obliged to take for his own quiet 6 CHAP. XIII. Gil Blas continues to act the man of consequence. Hears news of his family, which make but small impression upon him, and quarrels with Fabricius

CHAP. I. Gil Blas for out for rog Approved BOOK IX. matter action Sangrado, and much by accident

with Signior Manuel Ordenness director of CHAP. I. Scipio advises Gil Blas to marry, propoles the daughter of a rick and noted gold smith for his wife; and the steps which were taken in consequence of this advice CHAP.

CONIDA
CHAP. II. Gil Blas, by accident, remembers Don Alphonso de Leyva, and does him a piece of fer- vice, out of vanity
CHAP. III. The preparations for the marriage of Gil Blas, and the great event which rendered them useless
CHAP. IV. The treatment of Gil Blas in the tower of Segovia, and the manner in which he learned the cause of his imprisonment
CHAP. V. His reflections before he went to fleep, and an account of the noise that waked him 27 CHAP. VI. The history of Don Galton de Cogol-
los, and Donna Helena de Galisteo 31 CHAP. VII. Scipio finds Gil Blas in the tower of
Segovia, and tells him a great deal of news 48 CHAP. VIII. The motive and success of Scipio's first journey to Madrid. Gill Blas falls sick: the consequence of his distemper 52
CHAP. IX. Scipio returns to Madrid, and procures the enlargement of Gil Blas, on certain conditions. What courfe they freer together, when they leave
between them 56 CHAP. X. Their behaviour at Madrid. Gil Blas
meets a certain person in the fireet. The confequence of that meeting 59

BOOK X.

CHAP. I. Gil Blas fets out for the Asturias;
passes through Valladolid, where he visits his old
master doctor Sangrado, and meets, by accident,
with Signior Manuel Ordonnez, director of the
haspital

CHAP. II. Gil Blas continues his journey, and arrives safely at Oviedo. The condition in which he

0 0 N 1 2 N 1 0.
found his parents. The death of his father, and the consequence thereof CHAP. III. Gil Blas departs for the kiogdom of Valencia, and at length arrives at Lirias. A defectiption of his house. His reception; with an account of the people he found there CHAP. IV. He departs for Valencia, to visit the noblemen of Leyva. His conversation with them, and the kind reception he met with from Seraphina
CHAP. V. Gil Blas goes to the play, where he sees a new tragedy acted. The success of that performance, with the public taste of Valencia 89 CHAP. VI. Gil Blas walking through the streets of Valencia, meets a friar whom he thinks he knows. An account of that friar 93 CHAP. VII. Gil Blas returns to his castle of Lirias. Hears an agreeable piece of news from Scipio. And makes a resorm in his house-keeping 99 CHAP. VIII. The amours of Gil Blas and the fair Antonia
CHAP. IX. The manner in which the nuptials of Gil Blas and the fair Antonia were celebrated; and the rejoicings with which they were attended 107

Commence of the Commence of th

1

2 s . e . 6 is

s; ld

nt, he 64 ar-

nd

CONTENTOS the gorden if narcons. The death of his festion and CHARLIE CH Mrs. depres for the Misglem of - Market would be able to display the last space little es they a recognize out to the contract of the City 3. 15. Me corrects (36 Malenges, the which when the outside mouth I have put in much free well as all select arm of constituent had not been and subscribe right and of the problem to 12 12 12 13 - Strength and a second policy of the province of the Barrier Manager And Andrews breatesall era regress spilling and to Exercised sectors of exercise to account the end of the The section of the section of the Lieut to other sides engine and the site of the til . oscillation is really proced by news from Saleso. entre s gargester to take the cost a color bude. CCHA 2. MILLS a benegative of Gal Edge and the fair to riving the place of remaining the Arts. word Carobia to the game of the allowing the second Parket Live Carlow Stole State of the and stone of the care of the late of the l A STATE OF THE STA etalian en gritality forth and the part of a desire

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CH a h th

CH i

CH

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po

OF

VOLUME VII.

Ontinuation of Book X.

CHAP. X. What followed the marriage of
Gil Blas and the fair Antonia. The beginning of
Scipio's history.

CHAP. XI. The fequel of Scipio's history

CHAP. XII. The conclusion of Scipio's history

39

BOOK XI.

CHAP. I. Gil Blas is overwhelmed with joy, which is disturbed by a melancholy event. Such changes happen at court, as induce Santillane to go thither again

CHAP. II. Gil Blas arrives at Madrid, and appears at court: the king remembers and recommends him to his prime minister. The consequence of

that recommendation

CHAP. III. Gil Blas is hindered from executing his resolution to leave the court, and receives an important piece of service from Joseph Navarro

61

CHAP

CHAP. IV. Gil Blas acquires the love of Count d'Olivarez.
CHAP. V. The private conversation which Gil Blas
had with Navarro, and the first bufiness in which
he was employed by the Count d'Olivarez 72
CHAP. VI. The use to which Gil Blas put his three
hundred pistoles; and his charge to Scipio : with
the fuccels of the above mentioned memorial 77
CHAP. VII. By what accident, in what place and
condition, Gil Blas found his friend Fabricio; and
the conversation that happened between them 81
CHAP, VIII. Gil Blas becomes more and more be-
loved by his master. Scipio returns to Madrid, and
gives an account of his journey to Santillane 85.
CHAP. IX. How, and to whom the Count-Duke
married his only daughter, and the bitter fruits
which that marriage produced 88
CHAP. X. Gil Blas by accident meets the Poet Nun-
nez, who tells him that he has composed a tra-
gedy, which is immediately to be represented on
the prince's theatre. The bad fuccess of that
piece, with the furprizing good luck which at-
tended its fall
CHAP. XI. Santillane obtains an employment for
Scipio, who departs for New Spain 95.
CHAP. XII. Don Alphonso de Leyva comes to
Madrid; the motive of his journey. Gil Blas is
afflicted at the cause, but rejoices at the confe-
quence of it may vienouslem and hadratic 97
CHAP. XIII. Gil Blas meets Don Gafton de Cogol-
los, and Don Andrea de Tordesillas, at the palace.
The conclusion of the story of Don Gaston and
Donna Helena de Galisteo. Santillane does an im-
portant piece of service to Tordefillas.
10 recognition of the second second second second second second second

Clarify, 111. Gil Blos is bindered from executing his

techlotion to leave the court, and receives an image parents piece of leivice from Joseph Navairo. 66

CH

CH

CH

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CH.

U Cran via In N 1300 and the V 1400 In the country of the country will be the country with the country with

CONTENTS

OF CONTRACTOR OF

VOLUME VIII.

Ontinuation of Chap. XIII. Book XI.

CHAP. XIV. Santillane vifits the poet Nunnez: an account of the persons whom he sound, and the discourse which he heard at his lodgings 9

CHAP, IX. The revolution of Portugal and the

t

1

0

e-

7

1-

e.

nd

BOOK XIII.

CHAP. I. Gil Blas is fent to Toledo by the minister: the motive and fuccess of his journey 12 CHAP. II. Santillane gives an account of his commission to the minister, who employs him to bring Lucretia to Madrid. The arrival of that actress, and her appearance at court 21 CHAP. III. Lucretia makes a great noise at court, and acts before the king, who falls in love with her. The consequences of his passion 23 CHAP. IV. Santillane is invested by the minister with a new employment 28 CHAP.

CHAP. V. The fon of the Genoese lady is owned by an authentic act, and called Don Henry Philip de Guzman. Santillane forms the family of that young nobleman, and hires all forts of masters for him

CHAP. VI. Scipio returning from New Spain, Gil Blas fettles him in the service of Don Henry. The studies of that young nobleman, with the honours which were conferred upon him, and an account of the lady to whom he was married. Gil Blas becomes noble in spite of himself

CHAP. VII. Gil Blas meets Fabricio again by accident. The last conversation that happened between them, and the important advice which Nunnez gave to Santillane

CHAP. VIII. Gil Blas is convinced of the truth of Fabricio's intelligence. The king goes to Saragossa

CHAP. IX. The revolution of Portugal, and the difgrace of the count duke

CHAP. X. The anxiety and cares which at first disturbed the repose of the count-duke, and the happy tranquility by which they were succeeded. The occupations of the minister in his retreat

CHAP. XI. The count-duke becomes, all of a fudden, fad and thoughtful: the furprizing cause of his melancholy, with its fatal consequence

CHAP. XII. The transaction at the castle of Loeches, after the death of the count-duke; and the departure of Santillane

CHAP. XIII. Gil Blas returns to his castle, where he is overjoyed to find Scraphina, his god-daughter, marriageable: and falls in love with another lady

CHAP. the last. The double marriage celebrated at Lirias, which concludes the history of Gil Blas de Santillane 5 AP 62

CHAP, IV. Santulence is uncled by the minutes

with a new employment

CHAPA

traile sature 11 de sature 14 de 14 de 15 de 15